

AMPRION CONNECTS

FACTBOOK

August 2024



GLOSSARY I



AC	Alternating current German: Wechselstrom	CEP	Clean Energy Package German: Maßnahmenpaket für saubere Energie	ERAA	European Resource Adequacy Assessment German: Europäische Bewertung der Angemessenheit der Ressourcen
ARegV	Anreizregulierungsverordnung English: Incentive Regulation Ordinance	CSRD	Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive German: Richtlinie zur unternehmerischen Nachhaltigkeitsberichterstattung	ESRS	European Sustainability Reporting Standards German: EU-Nachhaltigkeitsstandards
BBPlG	Bundesbedarfsplangesetz English: Federal Requirements Plan Act	DC	Direct current German: Gleichstrom	FEP	Flächenentwicklungsplan English: Site Development Plan
BImSchG	Bundes-Immissionsschutzgesetz English: Federal Immission Control Act	DNSH	Do-No-Significant-Harm-Principle	FSV	Freiwillige Selbstverpflichtung English: voluntary self-obligation
BMWK	Bundesministerium für Wirtschaft und Klimaschutz English: Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Climate Action	EEG	Erneuerbare-Energien-Gesetz English: Renewable Energy Act	GAA	Gewerbeaufsichtsamt English: trade regulatory authority
bnBm	Besondere netztechnische Betriebsmittel English: special technical grid operating facilities	EnLAG	Energieleitungsausbaugesetz English: Power Grid Expansion Act	GRI	Global Reporting Initiative
BNetzA	Bundesnetzagentur English: Federal Network Agency	ENTSO-E	European Network of Transmission System Operators for Electricity German: Verband europäischer Übertragungsnetzbetreiber	HDD	Horizontal directional drilling German: Horizontalbohrung
BSI	Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik English: German Federal Office for Information Technology Security	EnWG	Energiewirtschaftsgesetz English: Energy Industry Act	HGÜ	Höchstspannungsgleichstrom English: high voltage direct current (HVDC)
CCA	Capital cost adjustment German: Kapitalkostenabgleich	EPB	Electricity Price Brake German: Strompreisbremse	HTLs	High temperature low sag conductors German: Hochtemperaturleiterseile

GLOSSARY II



ICMA GBP	International Capital Market Association Green bond principles German: Internationale Kapitalmarktvereinigung	NABEG	German: Netzausbaubeschleunigungsgesetz – Übertragungsnetz), Grid Expansion Acceleration Act – Transmission Grid	StromNVZ	Stromnetzzugangsverordnung English: Electricity Grid Access Ordinance
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission German: Internationale Elektrotechnische Kommission	NEP	Netzentwicklungsplan English: network development plan	TEN-E	Trans-European Networks for Energy German: Verordnung über die transeuropäischen Energienetze
IPA	Integrated project management approach German: Integrierter Projektmanagement-Ansatz	NLSStBV	Niedersächsische Landesbehörde für Straßenbau und Verkehr English: Lower Saxony State Authority for Road Construction and Transport	ÜNB	Übertragungsnetzbetreiber English: Transmission System Operator (TSO)
ISMS	Information Security Management System German: Informationssicherheits-Managementssystem	PCI	(European) Project of Common Interest German: Vorhaben von gemeinsamem Interesse	VNB	Verteilernetzbetreiber English: Distribution System Operator (DSO)
ISO	Independent System Operator German: unabhängiger Netzbetreiber	RAB	Regulated Asset Base	WindSeeG	Windenergie-auf-See-Gesetz English: Offshore Wind Energy Act
ISO-Norm	International Organization for Standardization Norm German: Internationale Organisation für Normung	SBTi	Science Based Target initiative	WOLO	Weather-related overhead line operation German: Witterungsbedingter Freileitungsbetrieb
ITO	Independent transmission operator German: unabhängiger Übertragungsnetzbetreiber	SDG	Sustainable Development Goals German: UN Nachhaltigkeitsziele	X_{gen}	Genereller sektoraler Produktivitätsfaktor English: general productivity factor
KWKG	Kraft-Wärme-Kopplungsgesetz English: Combined Heat and Power Act	SF₆	Sulphur hexafluoride German: Schwefelhexafluorid	X_{ind}	Individueller Effizienzfaktor English: individual efficiency factor
LkSG	Lieferkettensorgfaltspflichtengesetz English: Supply Chain Due Diligence Act	StromNEV	Stromnetzentgeltverordnung English: Electricity Grid Charges Ordinance		

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AGENDA

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- 2. MARKET ENVIRONMENT**
- 3. CURRENT DEVELOPMENTS**
- 4. REGULATORY FRAMEWORK**
- 5. GRID EXPANSION AT AMPRION**
 - 5.1 ONSHORE GRID EXPANSION
 - 5.2 OFFSHORE GRID CONNECTION PROJECTS
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- 7. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE & SHAREHOLDER**
- 8. KEY FINANCIALS**
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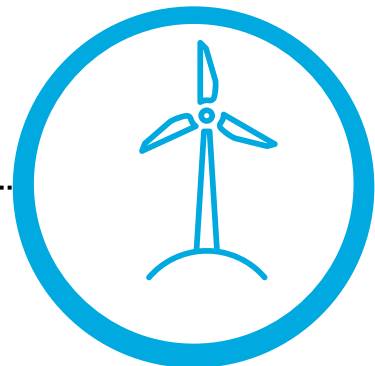
1. AMPRION – COMPANY AND BUSINESS MODEL



KEY INVESTMENT HIGHLIGHTS

DRIVERS OF INVESTMENT REQUIREMENTS

- Germany's target to reach **climate neutrality by 2045**
- Need of **significant increase in renewables**
- Massive rise in renewable energy increases the need for transport capacity, specific expertise and innovative solutions
- **Increasing investment volumes** in most recently approved network development plan



KEY INVESTMENT HIGHLIGHTS



1. Enabler of the German energy transition and critical infrastructure

2. Natural monopolist within a stable regulatory regime

3. Continuous value creation with strong growth opportunities

4. Experienced management team leading the path to become first "Nextgen TSO"

5. Intrinsically sustainable business model delivers reliable and predictable business performance

6. Amprion is a frequent issuer with proven access to capital markets

AMPRION AT A GLANCE



EUR 27.5bn

Investment volume
2024–2028



+6,800 km

to be built or modernised
within the 11,000 km
transmission grid



EUR 339.3m

Adj. net income (IFRS)
in 2023



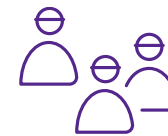
EUR 8.4bn

Regulated asset base (RAB)
2023



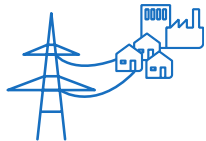
>29m

people live in Amprion's control area

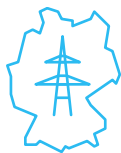


>2,700

employees



**Systemically-
relevant with a
natural monopoly**



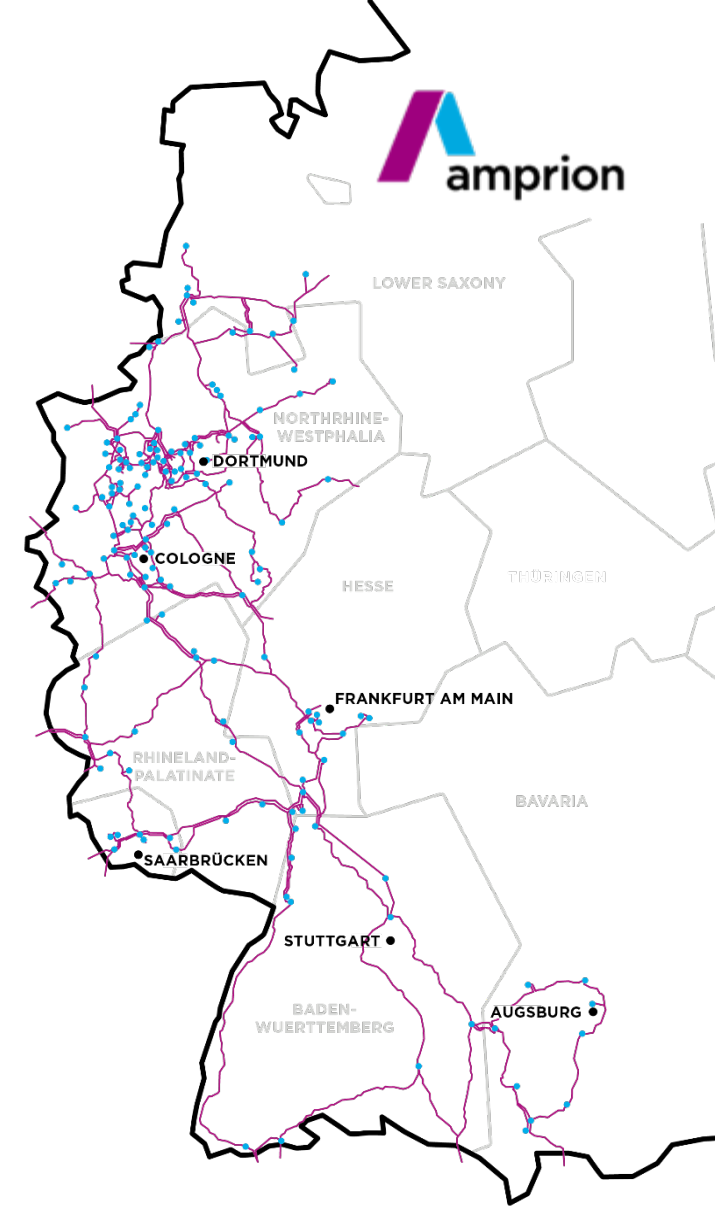
Operating an
extra-high-voltage grid

of 220–380 kV (AC) 525 kV (DC)



**Clear legal
mandate**

to maintain, expand, operate
transmission grid (EnWG, section 11)



- Overhead line
- Transformer substation

TRANSMISSION GRID PIONEERS

HISTORIC MILESTONES



2003

Spin-off of extra-high-voltage grids from RWE AG and **establishment of RWE Transportnetz Strom GmbH**

2009



Change of name to Amprion GmbH with 783 employees



Power Grid Expansion Act (EnLAG) to accelerate **grid expansion**.
More legislation follows

2011

Development of the **current ownership structure**: M 31 Beteiligungsgesellschaft mbH & Co. Energie KG acquires a 74.9% stake in Amprion, with RWE holding 25.1%

2019



Establishment of **Amprion Offshore GmbH** to connect offshore wind farms in the North Sea to the grid

2020



Commissioning of the **new system operation and control centre** in Brauweiler

2021

Establishing Amprion as a **frequent issuer on international capital markets** from 2021 on

2000

2010

2020

SUCCESSFUL AND EXPERIENCED TEAM

AMPRION MANAGEMENT BOARD



DR HANS-JÜRGEN BRICK
Chief Executive Officer

- Appointed until 2024
- More than 30 years' experience in the energy sector
- European Affairs & Sustainability Management
- Energy politics
- Corporate Communications and Digital Media
- Human Resources and Executive Management
- Legal/Board Affairs/ Risk & Compliance



DR CHRISTOPH MÜLLER
Chief Commercial Officer

- Joined Amprion on 1 July 2024
- Designated CEO from 1 January 2025 on
- Broad expertise in the energy sector, various management roles in the areas of networks and trading
- Corporate Strategy/Public Affairs/Corporate Development
- Economic Grid Management



DR HENDRIK NEUMANN
Chief Technical Officer

- Appointed until 2025
- More than 20 years' experience in the energy sector
- Asset management
- Grid projects
- Transmission System Operation Brauweiler
- Occupational Safety & Environmental Protection
- Offshore



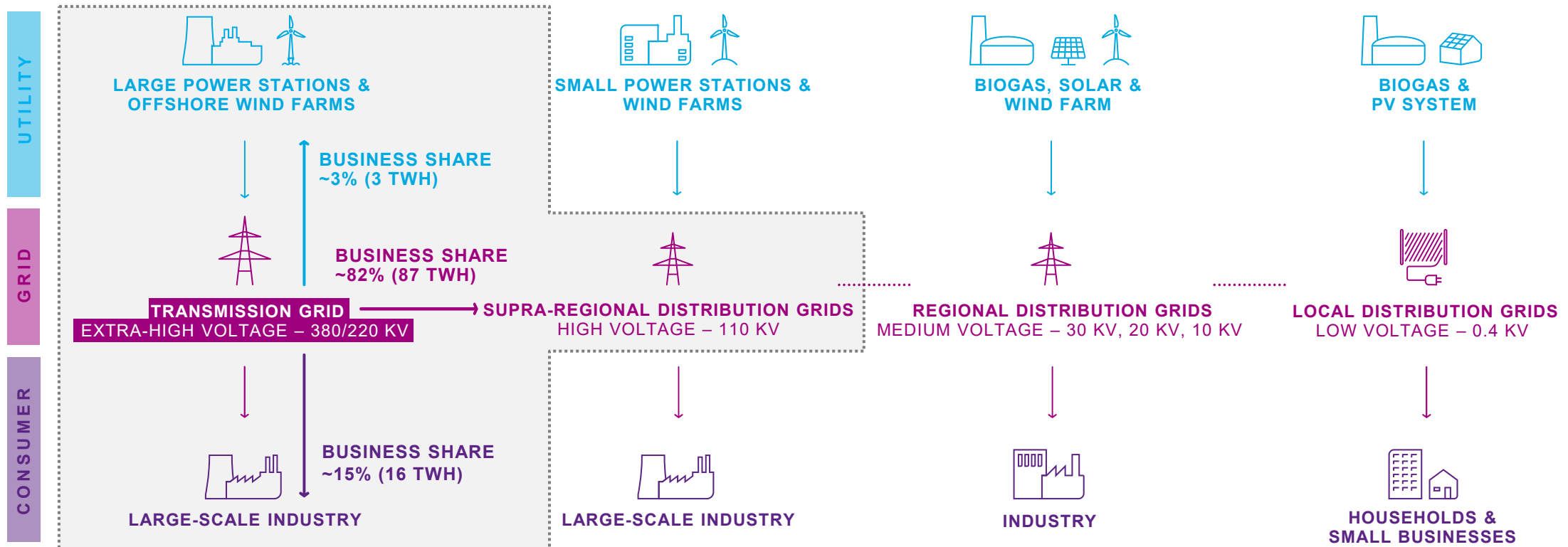
PETER RÜTH
Chief Financial Officer

- Appointed until 2030
- More than 30 years' experience in the energy sector
- Accounting & Taxes
- Corporate Controlling
- Corporate Finance & Investor Relations
- IT and Digitalisation
- Procurement

AMPRION'S KEY POSITIONING WITHIN THE ELECTRICITY VALUE CHAIN



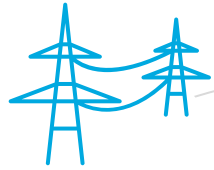
- The 380/220-kilovolt transmission system transports large amounts of electricity over long distances
- Some of the largest German companies and their electricity-intensive industries are directly connected to our grid



Side note: 1 TWh of electricity can supply about 250,000 three-person households for one year.

KEY TASKS

ENSURING A RELIABLE SUPPLY OF ELECTRICITY



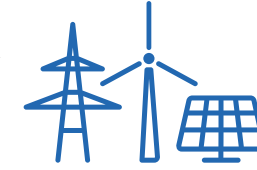
GRID OPERATION

We operate an 11,000-kilometre extra-high-voltage grid between northern Germany and the Alps.



GRID STABILITY

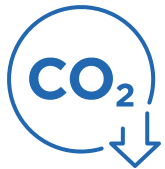
We keep the grid stable and secure to ensure the flow of electricity for 29 million people.



GRID EXPANSION

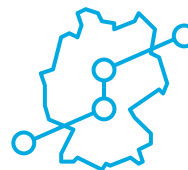
We are expanding and reconstructing our grid to pave the way for a climate-friendly energy system.

ACHIEVING CLIMATE NEUTRALITY IS OUR CORE BUSINESS



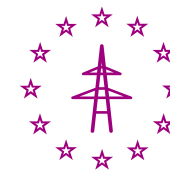
DECARBONISATION

We support the business sector in transitioning to a climate-friendly economy.



COORDINATION OF POWER FLOWS

We monitor and coordinate power flows in Germany and northern Europe.



ELECTRICITY TRADING

We handle the physical aspects of European electricity trading.

AMPRION ASSUMES RESPONSIBILITY FOR SYSTEM OPERATION AND CONTROL

STATUTORY DUTY TO OPERATE GRID SAFELY & RELIABLY

Coordination, management and supervision of electricity grids and systems

- Amprion operates Europe's largest electricity control centre
- Ensuring a balanced system 24/7 to maintain a constant equilibrium between power generation and electricity consumption
- Monitoring utilisation of elements in the transmission grid (n-1 criterion)
- Coordination and monitoring of electricity trading and optimising the resulting power flows between the transmission grids in Germany and central and eastern Europe
- Hosting essential IT infrastructure for sharing sensitive information with grid operators, power plants and electricity consumers

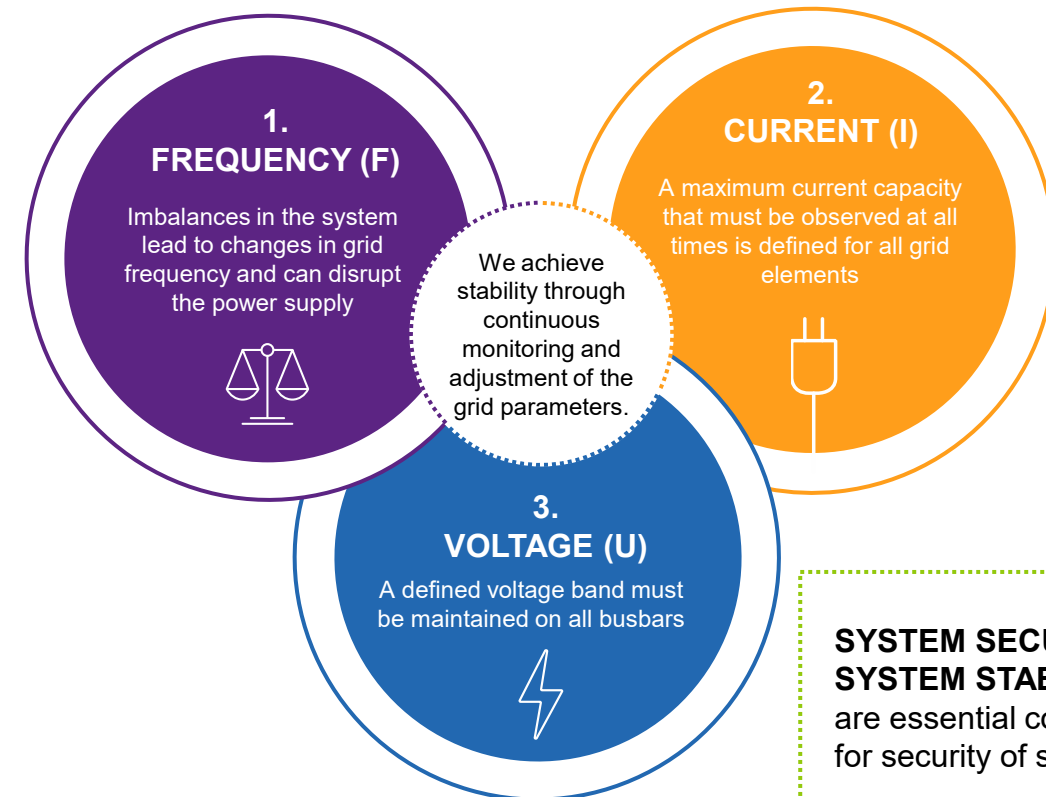
FUTURE CHALLENGES

Change in generation and load structure: increasing number of wind and solar power plants; decentralised electricity generation; increasing European electricity trading

- Weather-dependent power generation requires highly accurate forecasts
- A reduction in rotating masses due to the decommissioning of nuclear and coal-fired power plants requires the use of innovative tools (e.g. rotating phase shifter)
- Wind power to be transported over long distances
- Increased electricity trading leads to higher cross-border electricity flows

CONTROL VARIABLES IN THE GRID

– Three key parameters –



SYSTEM SECURITY / SYSTEM STABILITY are essential components for security of supply

AMPRION IS PREPARING FOR THE FUTURE OF SYSTEM OPERATION



NATIONAL FOCUS ON TECHNOLOGICAL INNOVATION

- Construction of new group control centres (GCCs) for further modernisation of system operations and preparations for offshore operations
- Sustainable integrated planning and use of gas and electricity systems for infrastructural sector coupling
- Greater utilisation of the existing grid by means of adaptive overhead line operation¹ and post-contingency (“curative”) system operation
- Increase in German transmission capacity through grid expansion and construction of the world’s first multi-terminal HVDC² link
- Use of flexible gas-fired power plants in the form of “besondere netztechnische Betriebsmittel (bnBm)” to maintain security of supply



¹ Adaptive overhead line operation, i.e. adapting line operation according to the actual environmental conditions prevailing at each line, such as wind and temperature

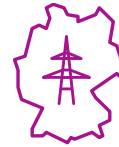
² High-voltage direct-current transmission with more than one feed-in point and one withdrawal point

HIGHLIGHTS H1 2024



SOLID INVESTMENT GRADE RATINGS

with stable outlook affirmed by
Moody's (Baa1) and Fitch (BBB+)



EUR 1.3bn investments

in grid expansion in H1



SYNDICATED LOAN INCREASED TO EUR 2.6bn

by EUR 600m



EUR 214m

Adj. net income (IFRSs) in H1 2024
+24%



Green bond issuance EUR 1.0bn

Dual-tranche in May



FURTHER CAPACITY SECURED

through more contract awards in H1 2024

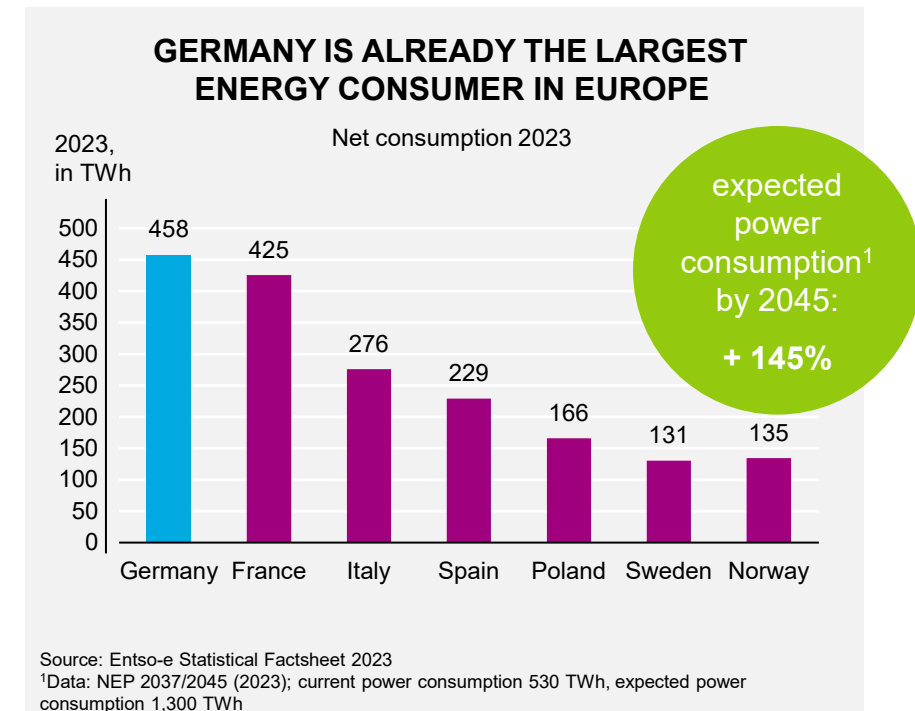
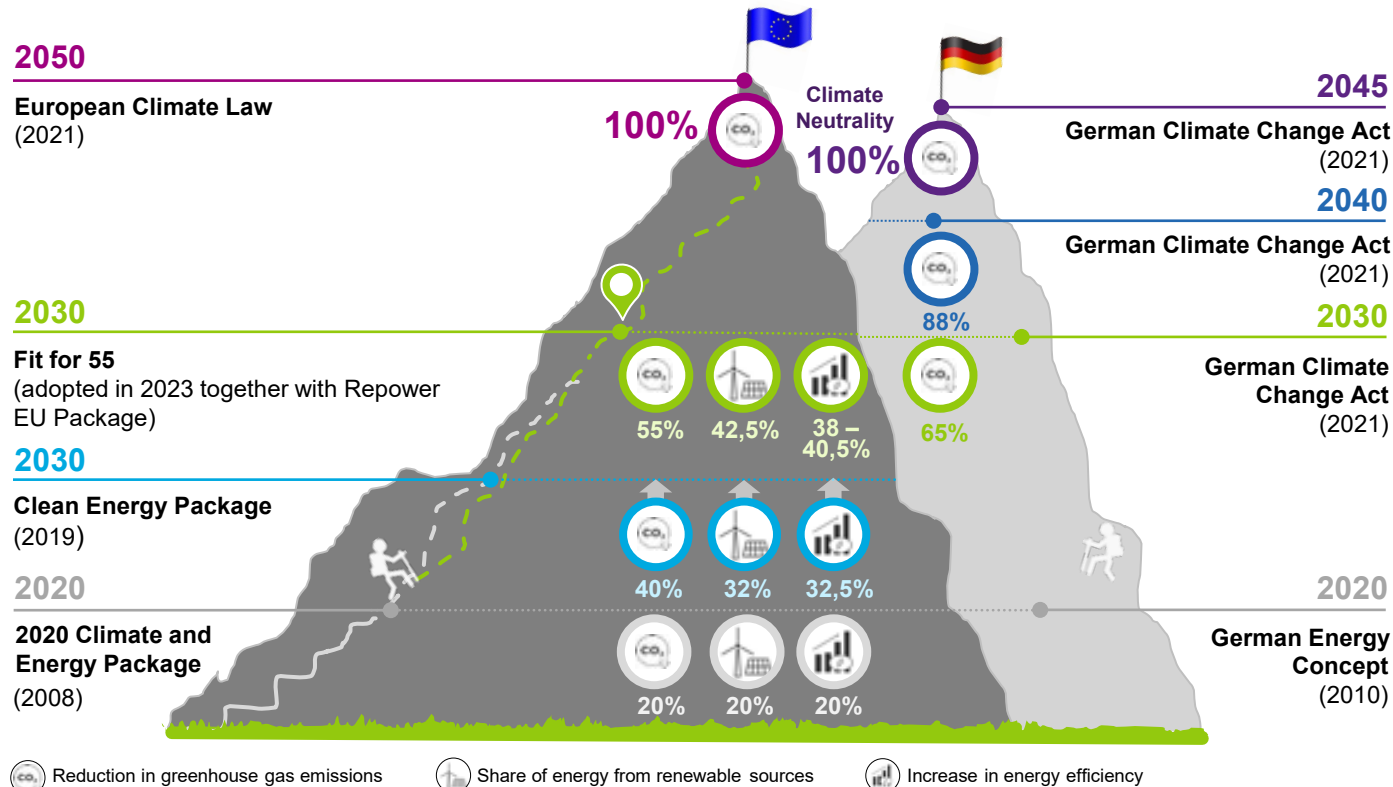


ESG-RATINGS

further improved

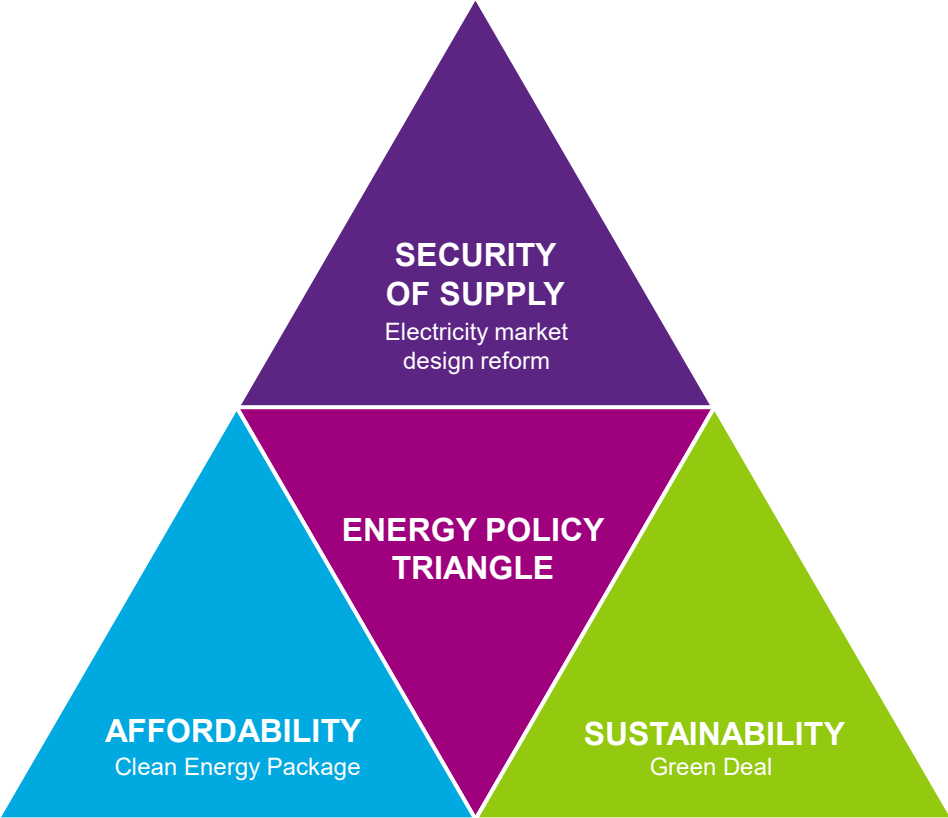
2. MARKET ENVIRONMENT

TRANSITION TARGETS: INCREASINGLY AMBITIOUS SUBSTANTIAL RISE IN ENERGY CONSUMPTION EXPECTED



SUBSTANTIAL GRID EXPANSION IS ESSENTIAL TO MEET FUTURE DEMAND

CLEAN ENERGY PACKAGE AND GREEN DEAL ARE THE FRAMEWORK FOR THE EU ENERGY POLICY AND HELP TO DECARBONISE EU'S ENERGY SYSTEM



HOW DOES AMPRION HELP TO COPE WITH COMPLEXITY?



Network development



Implementation of EU legal acts and network codes



Improving cooperation at all levels

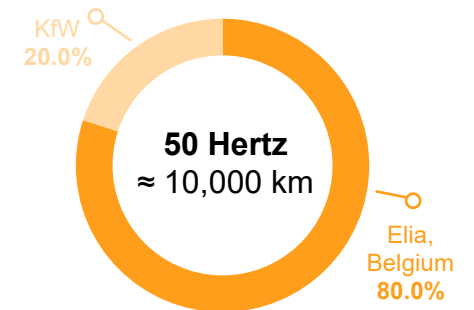
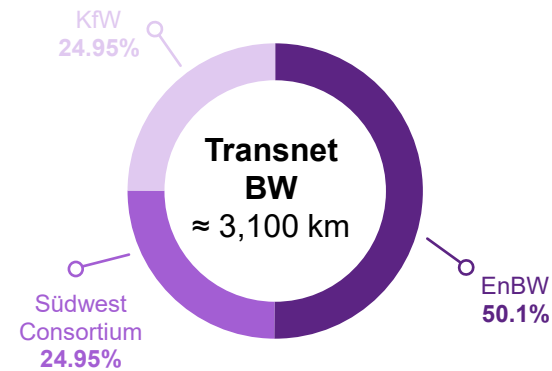
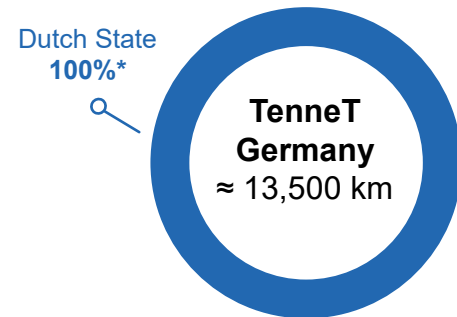
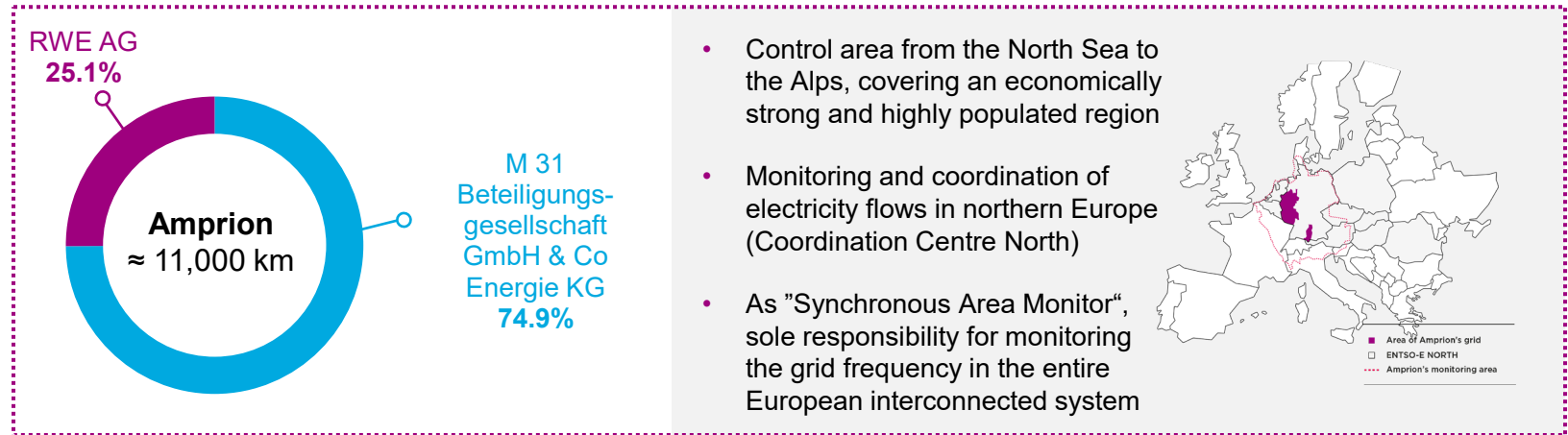
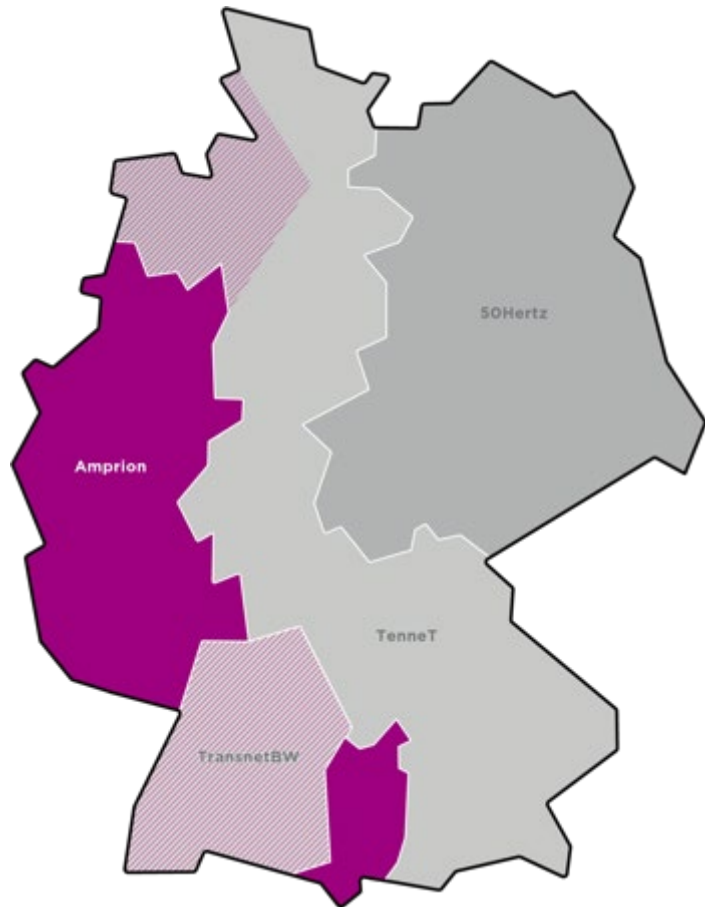


Establishing a fully integrated, interconnected, digitalized EU energy market

KEY TASK: DEVELOPING SOLUTIONS THAT COMBINE CLIMATE CHANGE MITIGATION AND SYSTEM SECURITY



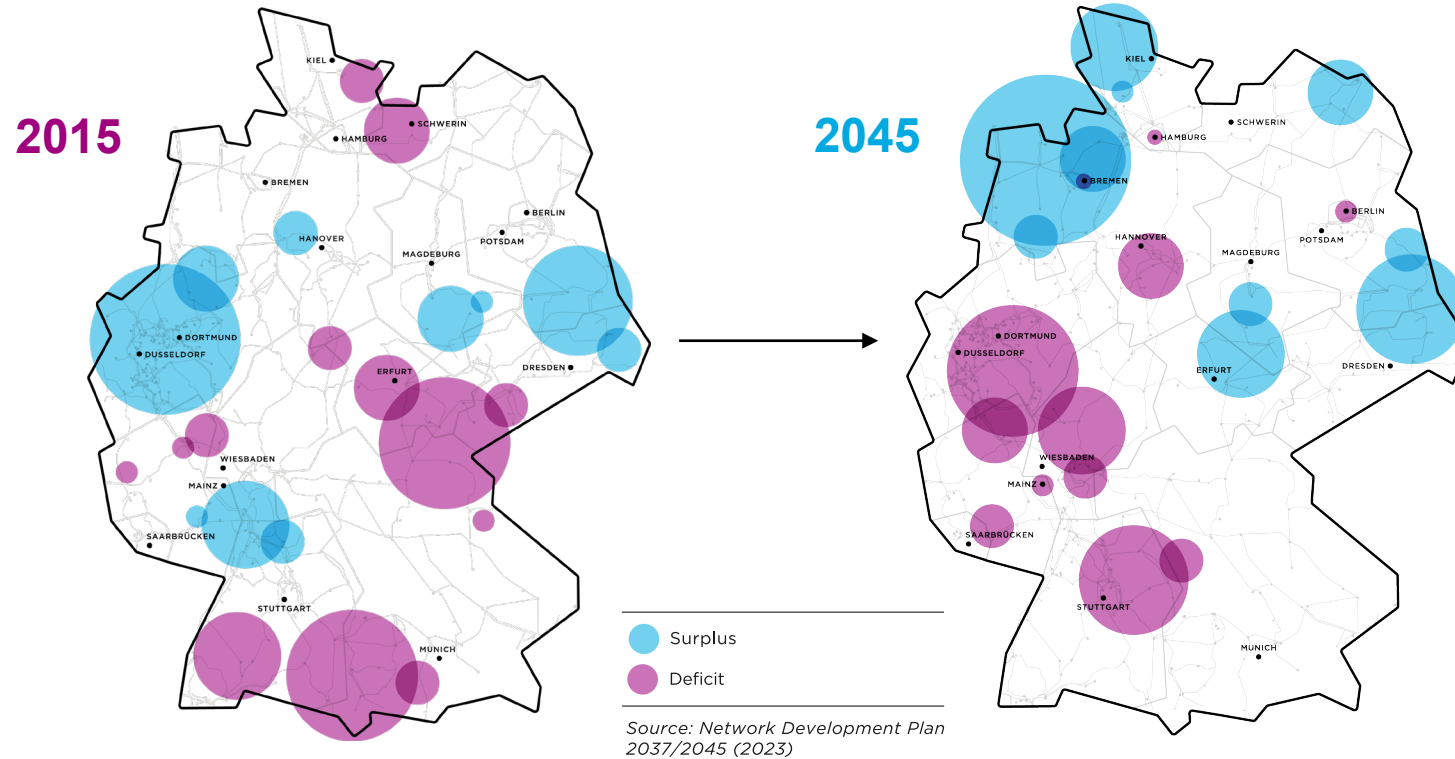
GERMAN TRANSMISSION SYSTEM OPERATORS RUNNING THE HIGH-VOLTAGE TRANSMISSION GRIDS



*searching for new shareholder for German part of TenneT

STRUCTURAL CHANGES TOWARDS RENEWABLES

AMPRION CONNECTS ELECTRICITY SUPPLY AND DEMAND



CHANGES

- Energy generation moves to northwestern Germany
- Energy demand is highest in southwestern Germany

AMPRION'S TASK

- To transport renewable energy to industrial hubs in the west and south of Germany, where the largest estimated shortfalls are located

SOLUTION

- Significant increase in capacity and expansion of transmission grid to provide electricity where it is needed

AMPRION ENABLES CLIMATE NEUTRALITY BY CONNECTING ENERGY SUPPLY AND DEMAND



GERMAN ENERGY SYSTEM IN TRANSITION

TOWARDS A SUSTAINABLE AND CLIMATE-NEUTRAL ECONOMY



ENSURING A STABLE TRANSFORMATION PHASE



Maintaining system security



Infrastructure expansion



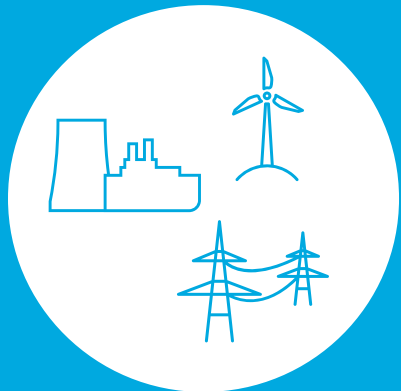
Financing investments



Further development of the regulatory framework

ENERGY SYSTEM 2023¹

Power consumption: ~ 530 TWh



Installed capacity RE: 155 GW

North-South² transport needs: > 25 GW

Installed capacity conventional: 72 GW

CLIMATE-NEUTRAL ENERGY SYSTEM 2045

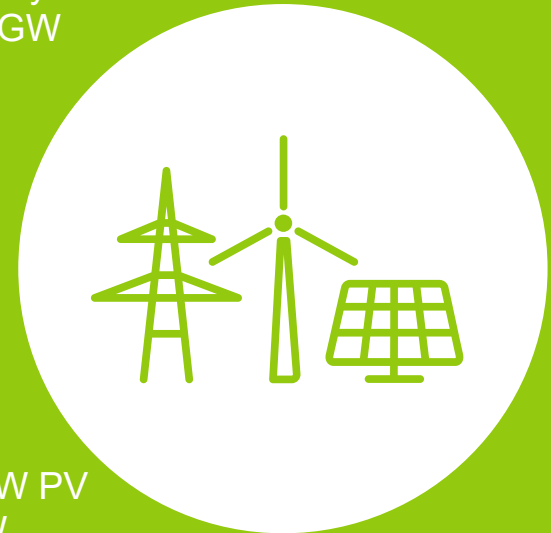
Power consumption: up to 1,300 TWh

Installed capacity RE: up to 700 GW

Capacity electrolyzers: up to 80 GW

Battery storage:

- up to 113 GW PV
- up to 55 GW large-scale battery storage



North-South² transport needs: >80 GW

¹ Fraunhofer ISE (energy-charts.info)
² Internal analyses of different scenarios

3. CURRENT DEVELOPMENTS



RETURN ON EQUITY 4TH REGULATION PERIOD

IMPROVEMENT TO INITIAL DETERMINATION



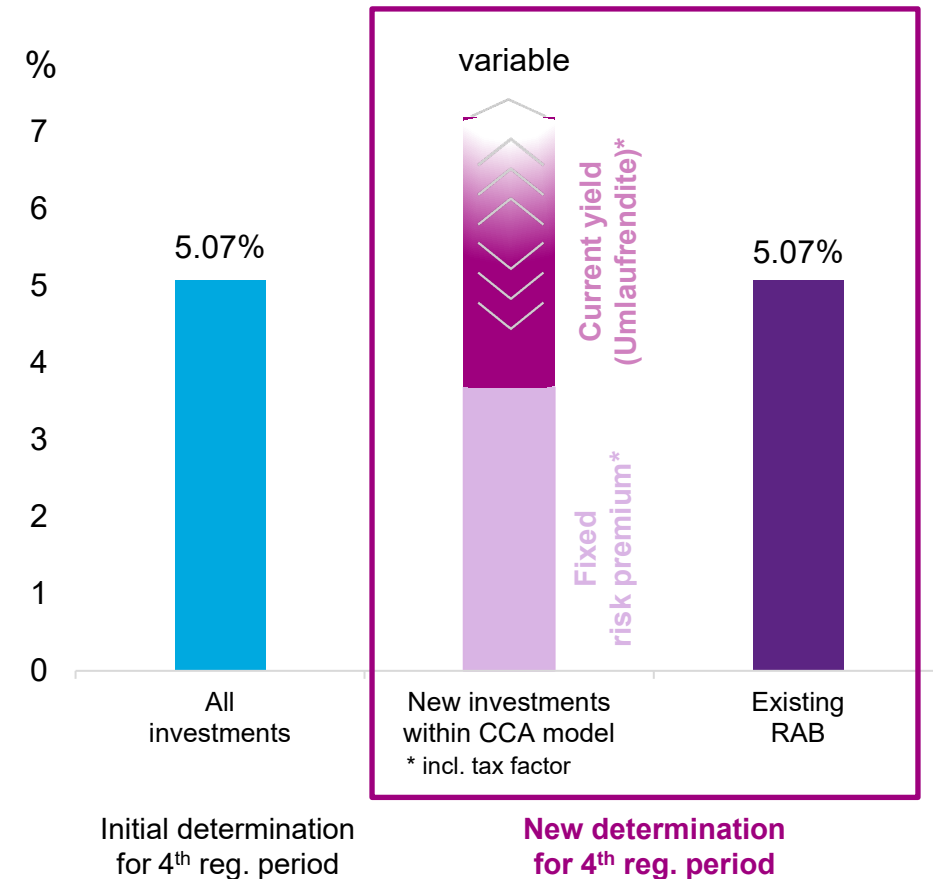
DETERMINATION OF RETURN ON EQUITY (before corporation tax and solidarity surcharge)

- **Initial determination by BNetzA** (October 2021):
Fix RoE of 5.07% for all investments
- **New determination by BNetzA** (January 2024):
 - Variable RoE (RoE) for new investments within CCA** model, calculated on an annual basis for the investments of the relevant year:

$$\text{RoE} = \text{Average annual current yield} \times 1.226 \text{ (tax factor)} + \text{fix risk premium of } 3\% \times 1.226 \text{ (tax factor)}$$

- Fix RoE of 5.07% for existing RAB outside CCA model

RETURN ON EQUITY 4TH REGULATION PERIOD



SHORT- TO MID-TERM POWER SYSTEM ANALYSES ARE ESSENTIAL FOR SECURE OPERATION

EUROPEAN PERSPECTIVE – GENERATION ADEQUACY

SHORT TERM: SEASONAL OUTLOOKS

- ENTSO-E's Seasonal Outlooks (Summer and Winter) assess resource adequacy in Europe's power system up to six months ahead
- The objective is to be prepared for adequacy issues and put in place proactive counter measures

LONG TERM: EUROPEAN RESOURCE ADEQUACY ASSESSMENT (ERAA)

- The ERAA assesses resource adequacy in Europe's power system up to 10 years ahead
- The objective is to understand how system changes interact on the path to net zero
- In the absence of targeted measures, adequacy risks appear, mainly in central and western Europe
- Informs decision makers and stakeholders



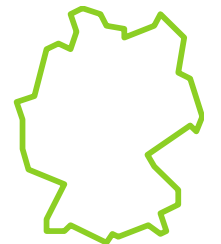
NATIONAL PERSPECTIVE – GENERATION AND SYSTEM ADEQUACY

GRID RESERVE CAPACITY CALCULATIONS

- Studies of German TSOs with regard to the risks to system security and the necessity of grid reserve capacity
- TSOs determine the need for grid reserve in the way of keeping generation capacity available to ensure the security and reliability of the electrical power system, in particular for managing grid congestions and maintaining voltage stability

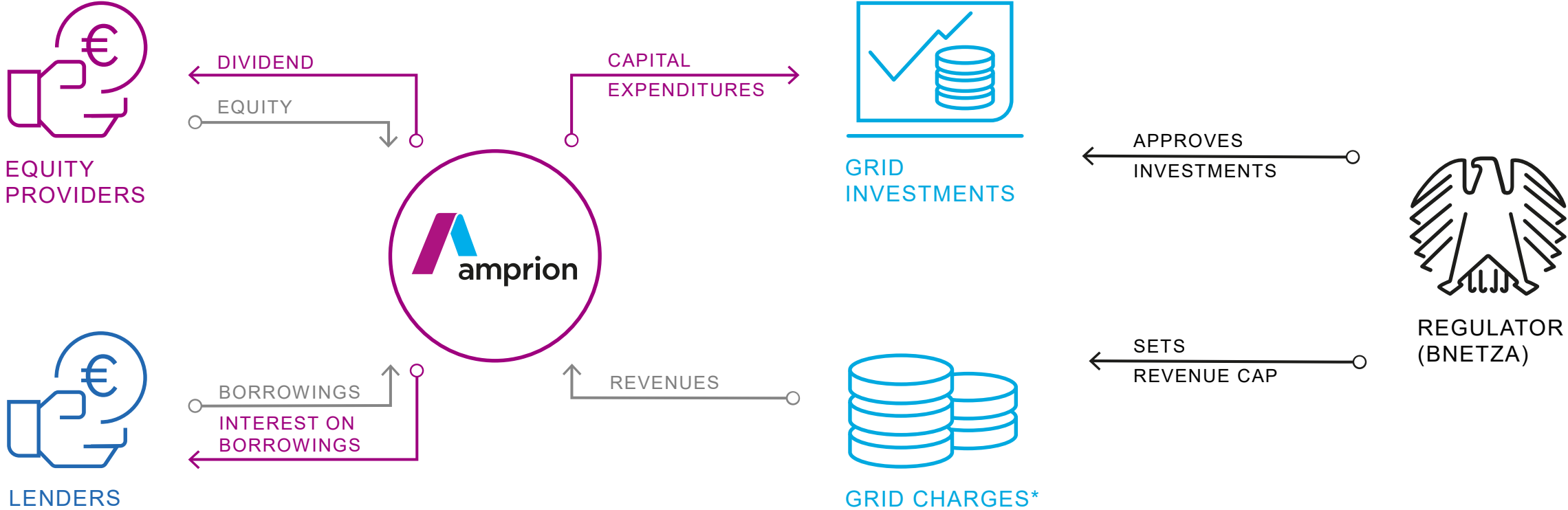
NATIONAL ADEQUACY ASSESSMENT

- TSOs support and advise on the BNetzA's national generation adequacy assessment
- Constant participation in workshops of the BNetzA about methodology (adequacy assessment and economic viability assessment) and input data



4. REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

AMPRION IS A REGULATED COMPANY OPERATING A LOW-RISK BUSINESS MODEL



*Grid charges = fees for the use of the electricity grid to be paid by consumers as determined by the EnWG and the ordinances based on it, in particular StromNEV and ARegV

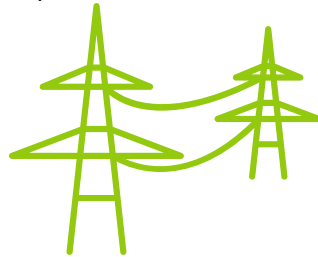
GERMAN ONSHORE AND OFFSHORE REGULATION

REGULATORY COST RECOGNITION MODELS

ONSHORE

INCENTIVE REGULATION (ARegV)

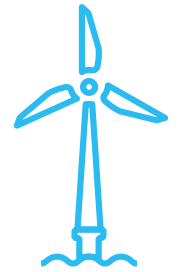
- Fixed cost base for one regulatory period of five years
- Annual adjustment for refinancing with no time lag or a shorter time lag for:
 - Capital Cost via Capital Cost Adjustment (CCA) or Investment measures (IM)
 - Annual inflation
 - Selected OPEX (e.g. for system services)
- Refinancing via grid charges



OFFSHORE

COST PLUS REGULATION

- Annual refinancing of actual operating costs and capital costs for offshore grid connection incurred with no time lag
- Refinancing via offshore grid levy



REGULATORY FRAMEWORK IN GERMANY ENSURES A RELIABLE AND PREDICTABLE BUSINESS PERFORMANCE



ONSHORE: INCENTIVE REGULATION PROVIDES HIGH LEVEL OF TRANSPARENCY

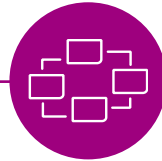
ONSHORE – Incentive regulation in accordance with ARegV

Cost audit



- Cost audit on historic data once per regulatory period
- Determines the revenue cap for a regulatory period of five years
- Fixed equity returns

Efficiency benchmarking



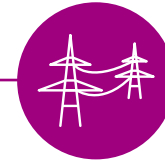
- Comparison among four German TSOs once per regulatory period
- The BNetzA has set the efficiency factor (Xind) applicable to Amprion at 100% for the fourth regulatory period

Individual revenue cap

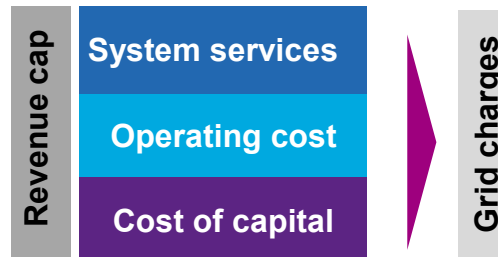


- The revenue cap for the regulatory period can be adjusted annually
- Stable + predictable revenues

Grid charges



- Charged by grid operators to refinance their costs for operating, maintaining and expanding the grid



Source: BNetzA

ONSHORE: GENERAL AND INDIVIDUAL EFFICIENCY BENCHMARKING

GENERAL PRODUCTIVITY FACTOR (X_{GEN})

- The X_{gen} is a correction factor to the consumer price index that impacts the revenue cap (the lower the X_{gen} , the higher the allowed revenues)

FOURTH REGULATORY PERIOD

- Amprion and other grid operators submitted data for the determination of the X_{gen} for electricity by the BNetzA
- Determination by BNetzA currently in progress
- The BNetzA indicated a preliminary calculation basis of $X_{gen} = 0\%$ until determination



THE BNETZA'S REMARKS POINT TO A STABLE OR LOWER X_{GEN} IN THE FOURTH REGULATORY PERIOD
→ STABLE OR EVEN HIGHER ALLOWED RETURNS

BENCHMARKING (INDIVIDUAL EFFICIENCY FACTOR)

- Reflects individual efficiency of each TSO (Section 22 of the ARegV requires efficiency scores to be determined for German TSOs for the fourth regulatory period)
- A reference method is used to compare an artificially generated grid with the existing TSO grid – the calculation is done by an external consultant
- Approval of the final X_{ind} forms part of the total cost approval procedure for the fourth regulatory period

TSO	First RP	Second RP	Third RP	Fourth RP
Amprion	90	100	100	100
50hertz	99.6	100	100	100
Tennet	100	97	99.92	100
TransnetBW	100	97	100	100



THE BNETZA'S OPINION OF JUNE 2023 FOR DETERMINING THE EFFICIENCY SCORES FOR THE FOURTH REGULATORY PERIOD RESULTS IN AN EFFICIENCY SCORE OF 100% FOR AMPRION

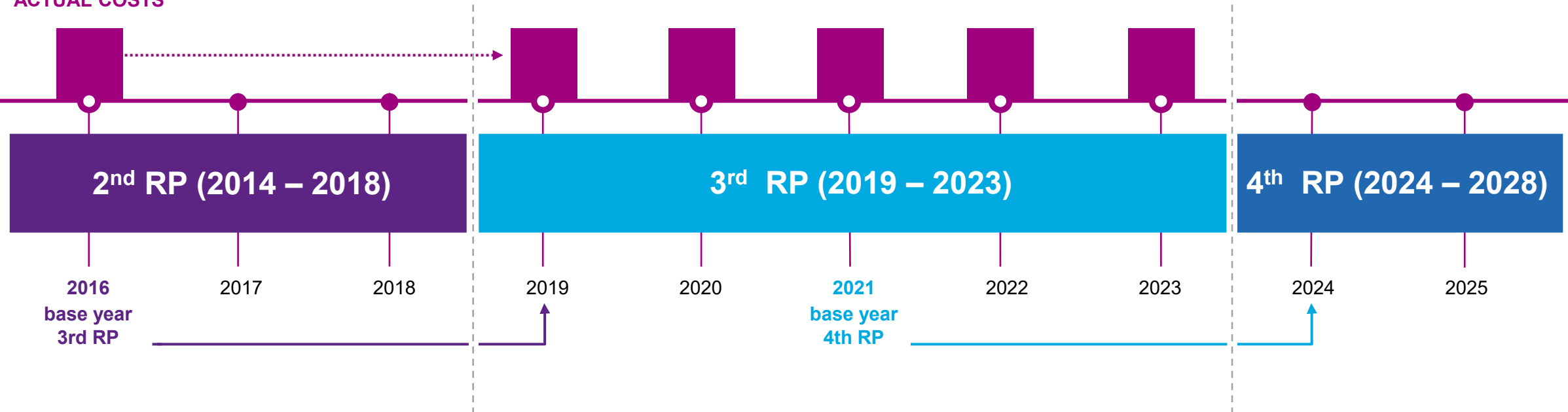
ONSHORE: REVENUE CAP & REGULATORY PERIOD

REVENUE CAP TRANSLATES DIRECTLY INTO GRID CHARGES



- **Revenue cap** is set for a regulatory period of five years
- **Base year (photo year)** determines the cost base of the revenue cap for the next regulatory period
- Actual **capital structure** of the base year is relevant for the **cost of capital**
 - Therefore, the optimum regulatory time for **equity injection** is one year before the base year
- During the regulatory period, the revenue cap can be adjusted annually (e.g. for inflation and cost increases)

ACTUAL COSTS



ONSHORE: ANNUAL ADJUSTMENT OF REVENUE CAP

THE INITIAL LEVEL OF THE REVENUE CAP CAN BE ADJUSTED ANNUALLY BY THE FOLLOWING ITEMS:

NON-CONTROLLABLE COSTS

- Defined in section 11(2) AregV, e.g. non-wage labour costs, capacity reserve
- Refinancing costs with no time lag or with a time lag of two years

VOLUNTARY COMMITMENTS (FSV)

- For redispatch, grid losses, balancing power, domestic grid reserve, costs of European initiatives, black start capability
- Refinancing costs mostly with no time lag by recognising planned costs for the next year
- In some cases, bonus-malus systems are in place as an efficiency incentive

COST OF CAPITAL

- Capital costs are refinanced with no time lag by recognising planned costs for the following year
- Via investment measures (IMs) or capital cost adjustment (CCA)

INFLATION AND EFFICIENCY

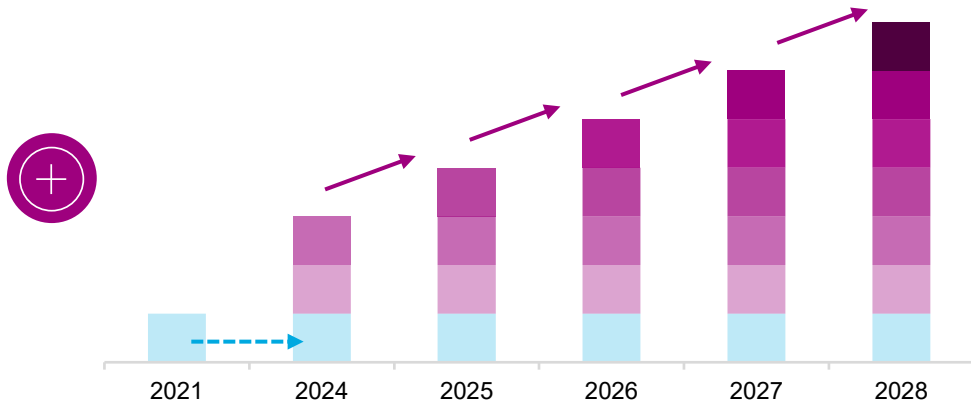
- Annual adjustment to refinance cost increases attributable to inflation
- Inflation is reduced by general sectoral productivity factor (X_{gen})
- If there are inefficient costs ($X_{ind} < 100\%$), these are reduced equally over the regulatory period

REGULATORY ACCOUNT

- Actual/planned cost deviations and excessive or insufficient revenues from grid charges are subsequently recognised in the regulatory account and are offset equally over three years in the following revenue caps

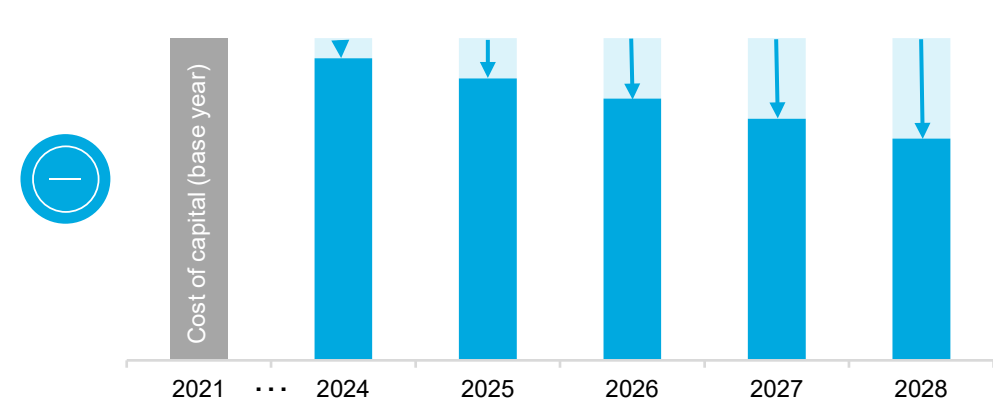
ONSHORE: CAPITAL COST ADJUSTMENT (CCA)

CAPITAL COST SURCHARGE (CCS) (section 10a ARegV)



- Refinances cost of capital for investments added after the base year and increases the revenue cap over the regulatory period
- Actual/planned cost deviations are made through the regulatory account
- Capital structure of 40% equity and 60% debt used for the calculation instead of the actual capital structure

CAPITAL COST DEDUCTION (CCD) (section 6 (3) ARegV)



- Captures the declining cost of capital of base year (e.g. 2021) assets over the regulatory period and reduces the revenue cap over the regulatory period
- Determined once for the entire regulatory period as part of the cost review
- The decrease in capital costs is the result of the depreciation of the residual carrying amounts of the existing assets

THE ACTUAL COST OF CAPITAL FOR GRID EXPANSION IS REFINANCED THROUGH THE INTERACTION OF THE CAPITAL COST SURCHARGE AND CAPITAL COST DEDUCTION FACTOR.

ONSHORE: COST OF CAPITAL – INVESTMENT MEASURES/CCA



INVESTMENT MEASURES (IMS) SECTION 23 ARegV

- + Expansion investments with no time lag
- + Operating cost fee
- Deduction from project-specific substitute
- Individual project-specific application procedure for a regulatory period

TRANSITION REGULATIONS SECTION 35 ARegV

- + Extension of the existing IM for the fourth regulatory period with maintenance of the operating cost fee without reparation possible
- + Abolition of the IM recovery amounts to be paid as of 2024
- + (Partial) reimbursement of reparation amounts for the third regulatory period (2019–2023)

CCA SECTION 10A AREGV, SECTION 6(3) ARegV

- + Expansion and replacement investments without delay
- + No deduction from project-specific substitute
- + No compensation
- + Annual application for the total budget
- No operating cost fee

2024

2028

OFFSHORE: COST PLUS SYSTEM

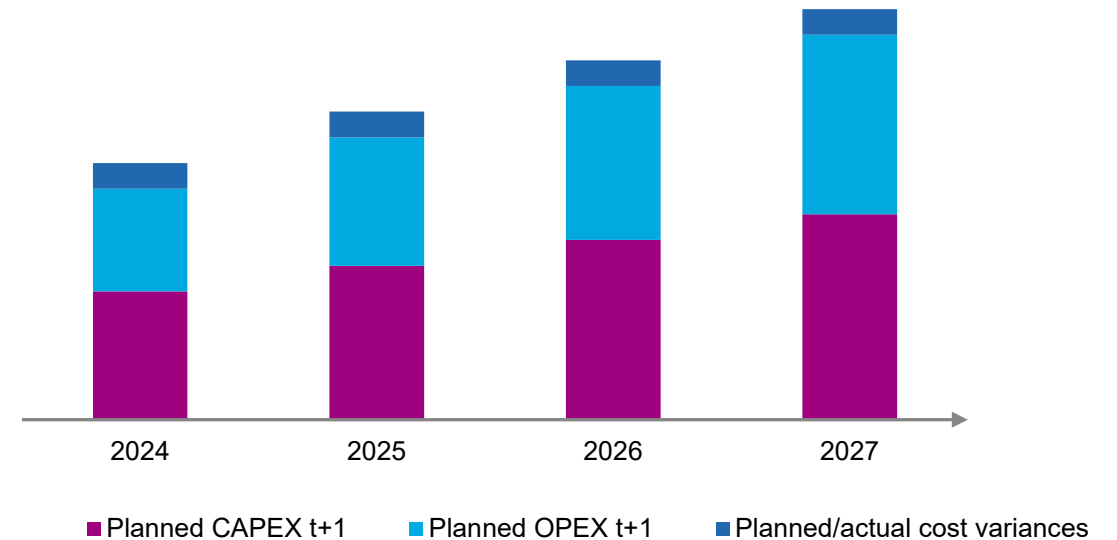
COST PLUS SYSTEM

- Offshore grid levy refinances the actual annual costs incurred each year for the expansion and operation of offshore grid connection facilities plus the current return on equity
- Planned costs are taken into account, meaning that costs are refinanced without any delay
- Actual/planned cost deviations are determined retrospectively and taken into account in the offshore grid levy

COST OF CAPITAL

- The cost of capital includes the current return on equity
- The interest rate on equity is the same for onshore and offshore
- In contrast to onshore regulation, the actual capital structure is relevant for the calculation. Annual equity injections required for optimal regulatory equity capitalisation

REVENUES FROM OFFSHORE GRID LEVY



NO SUBSIDY FOR TSO GRID TARIFFS IN 2024

2023 GRID TARIFFS

REGULATED SYSTEM SERVICES COMPENSATION

- As a TSO, Amprion provides system services to stabilise the electricity grid. System services include all measures to stabilise the grid.
- As a result of high energy prices, costs for system services increased. These costs are generally covered by regulation and are reimbursed to TSOs through the grid fees

2023 GRID TARIFFS

- In order to keep grid tariffs despite the sharp rise in system service costs and relieve the burden on consumers, the German Federal Government provided a federal subsidy to TSOs for the first time in 2023.
- **2023: Federal subsidy for all TSOs: EUR 12.8bn; Amprion: EUR 3.8bn, t/o EUR 950m received**

2024 GRID TARIFFS

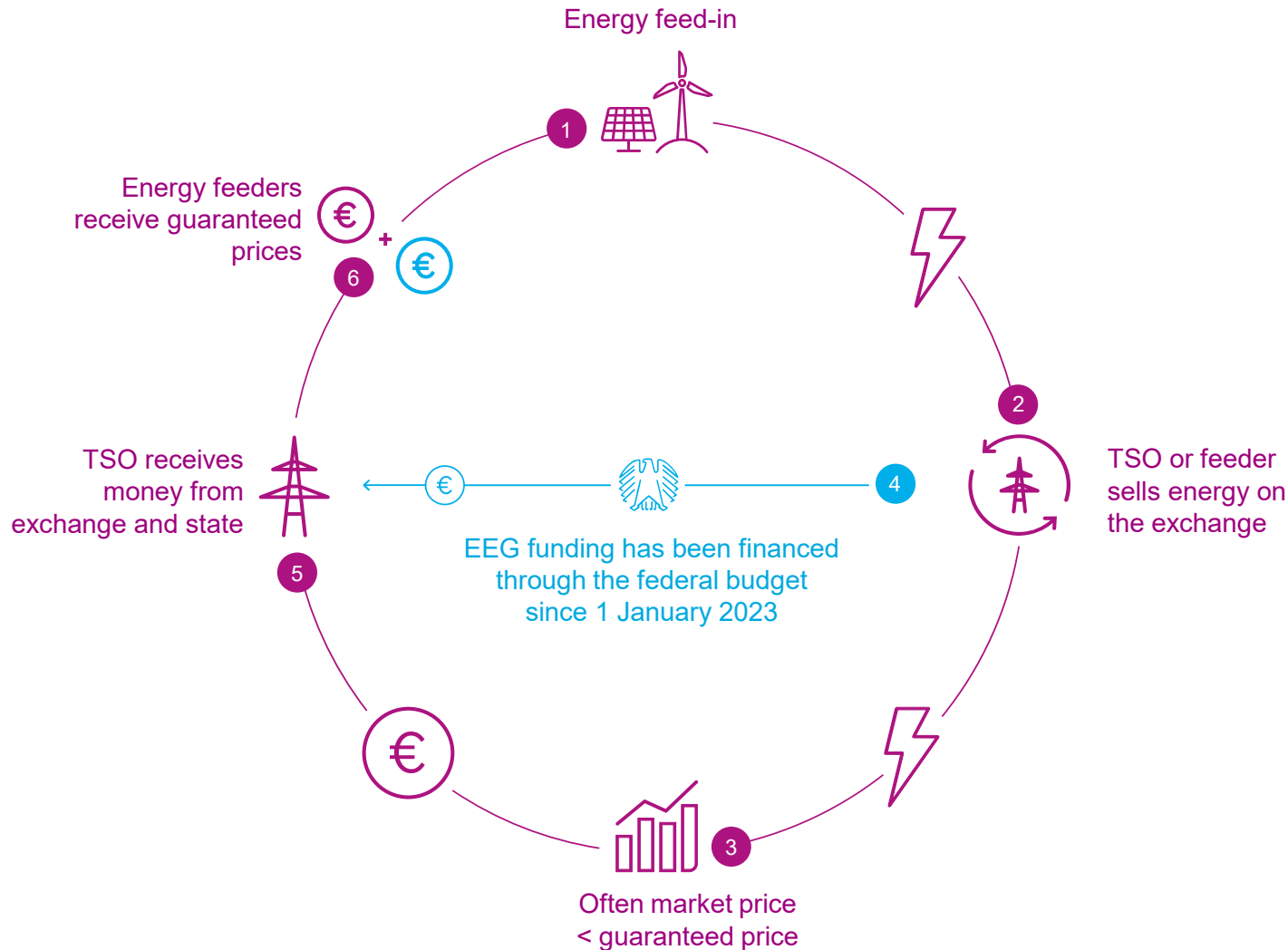
POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS FOR 2024

- Early start of coordination with BNetzA and BMWK on the expected costs for 2024
- Aim: Granting a subsidy to stabilize TSO grid tariffs in 2024 with a Federal subsidy for all TSOs: EUR 5.5bn; Amprion: EUR 1.6bn
- On November 1, 2023, a legal regulation was created to introduce a new § 24c EnWG
 - The new § 24c EnWG should grant a subsidy to essentially keep the TSO grid tariffs stable at the level of the 2022 grid tariff
 - The subsidy should be financed from the economic stabilization fund
- On November 15, 2023, the Federal Constitutional Court ruled on the Climate and Transformation Fund
- As a result, savings had to be made in the federal government's budget for 2024 and the subsidy for 2024 was therefore canceled
- **2024: Average TSO grid tariffs have increased by approximately 106%**

**NO NEGATIVE IMPACT ON AMPRION'S FINANCIAL STABILITY FROM THE ABOLITION OF SUBSIDY FOR TSO GRID TARIFFS
→ INCREASE OF GRID TARIFFS**

THE EEG SURCHARGE

TRANSMISSION SYSTEM OPERATORS AS TRUSTEES



ABOLITION OF EEG SURCHARGE FOR CONSUMERS

- The EEG surcharge for consumers was abolished on 1 January 2023
- The revenue lost by TSOs is reimbursed through the German Federal Government's Energy & Climate Fund (Energie & Klimafonds)
- Transmission system operators have a legal claim against the Federal Republic of Germany for compensation for the difference between their actual revenue and their actual expenditures for a calendar year.

NO GENERAL LIQUIDITY RISK FOR AMPRION DUE TO THE STATE GUARANTEES

5. GRID EXPANSION AT AMPRION

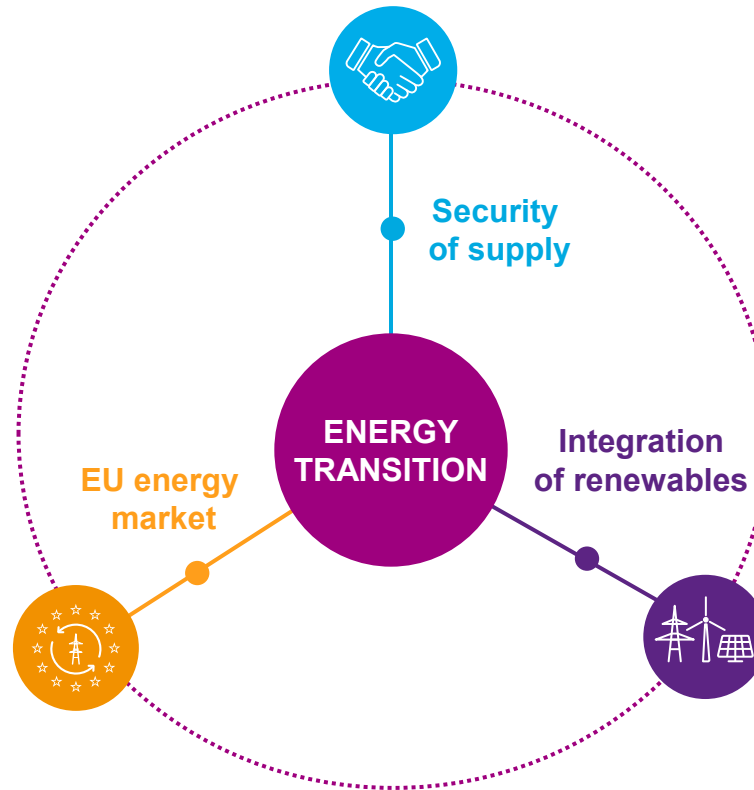
MAIN DRIVERS OF THE ENERGY TRANSITION

BULLET-PROOF AND ROBUST GRID PLANNING AND EXPANSION



Comprehensive legal framework

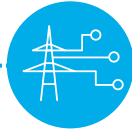
- **BBPIG:** legal basis for grid expansion and planning basis for TSOs
- **EnLAG:** legal basis for grid expansion
- **EnWG:** legal basis to operate transmission grid
- **FEP:** definition of spatial and temporal aspects for offshore wind farms + grid connections in German exclusive economic zone (EEZ)
- **NABEG:** accelerated expansion of cross-border + interstate extra-high-voltage lines in accordance with BBPIG
- **NEP:** published by TSOs, target years 2037 + 2045
- **WindSeeG:** legal basis for FEP; Setting of offshore expansion targets: 30 GW by 2030, 40 GW by 2035 and 70 GW by 2045



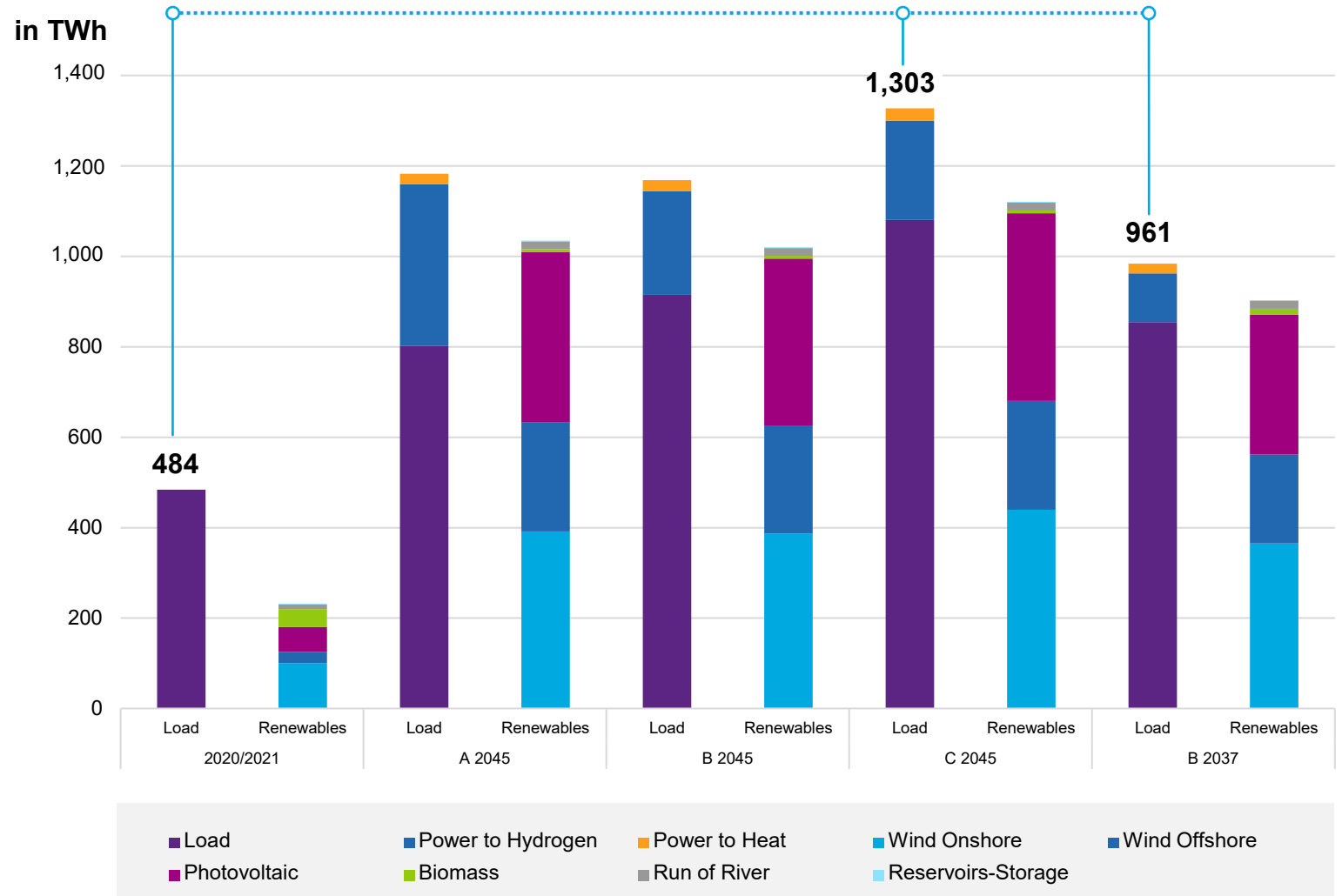
- Ensuring + maintaining security of supply
- Grid planning expertise as the basis for NEP
- Enabling the energy transition in a safe, reliable, efficient way and on schedule
- Project planning based on different scenarios in the NEP
- Integration of renewable energy into German energy system
- Further development of integrated energy market in EU

NEP* 2037/2045 SHOWS FURTHER NEEDS FOR THE GRID

GRID REQUIREMENTS FOR A CARBON-NEUTRAL ENERGY SYSTEM



- The NEP* was confirmed by the Federal Network Agency (Bundesnetzagentur) in March 2024. It is the first one looking at 2045 and thus describing a carbon-neutral energy system in Germany.
- This includes a massive increase in electricity demand and renewable energy generation capacity in accordance with national climate policy targets.



*NEP 2037/2045, Version 2023

EQUIPMENT ON AMPRIONS TRANSMISSION GRID



OVERHEAD LINES

- Length of transmission grid ~11,000 km
- Overhead lines carried by ~18,000 overhead line towers
- Different standard types of overhead line towers in use, depending on local requirements



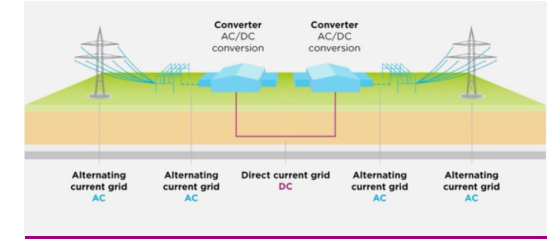
UNDERGROUND CABLES

- Used on the transmission layer in projects for DC transmission systems as well as in AC pilot projects.
- For offshore applications, underground cables are the sole transmission medium
- Due to higher transmission power, underground cables in transmission grids require more space than in distribution grids.



SUBSTATIONS

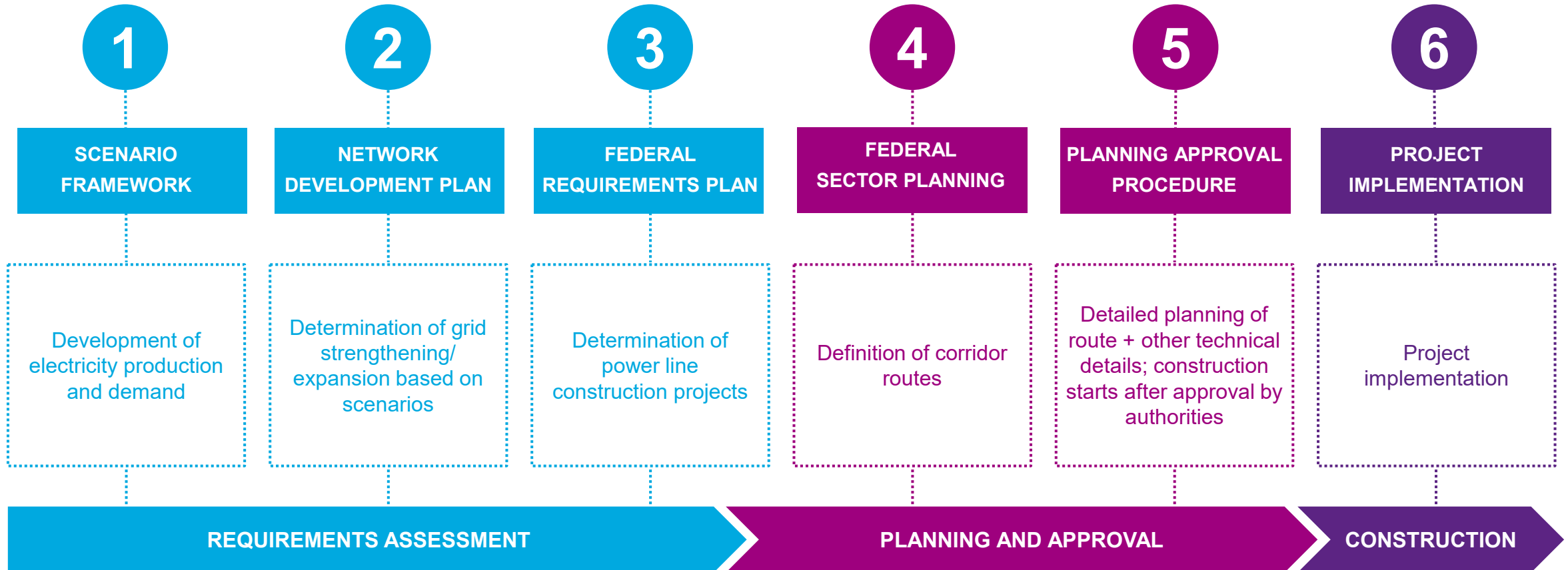
- Networks nodes of the transmission grid with special equipment to connect power lines and to switch them on and off
- Host large power transformers to connect transmission system and distribution system voltage levels
- All Amprion substations have a uniform design, ensuring efficient planning, construction and operation



AC/DC CONVERTERS

- Special stations connecting AC and DC lines
- Convert alternating current to direct current and vice versa using power electronic equipment
- Located at strategically important grid connection points

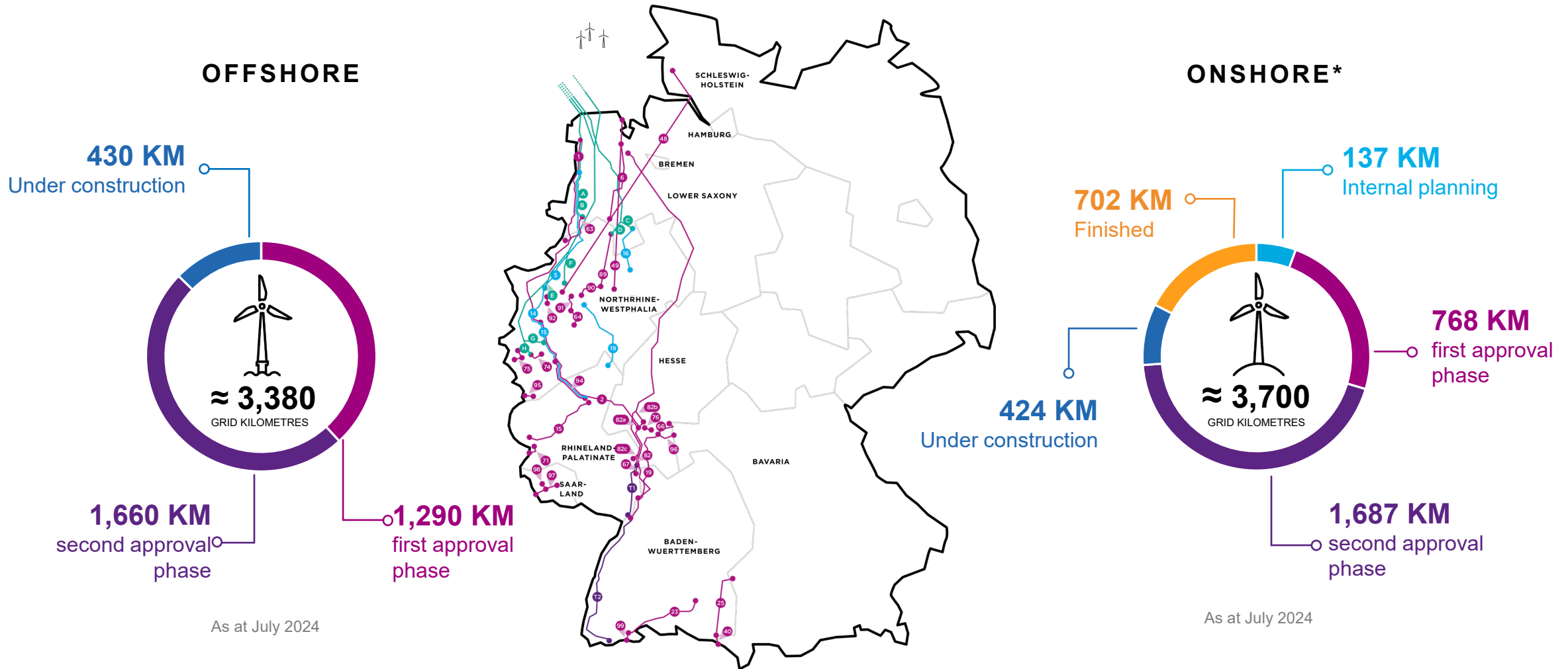
PLANNING & APPROVAL PROCESSES



Source: NEP; approval processes in accordance with EnWG for projects crossing federal-state or national borders under NABEG

GRID EXPANSION AT AMPRION

DRIVING FORWARD THE ENERGY TRANSITION



*Amprion's grid expansion projects secured by EnLAG and BBPIG

ACCELERATED GRID EXPANSION



BalWin1 and BalWin2

Accelerated by 1 and 2 years (commissioning in 2030/31)



BorWin4

Accelerated by 1 year (commissioning 2028)



DC 34 (Rastede – Bürstadt)

Accelerated by 2 years (commissioning 2033)



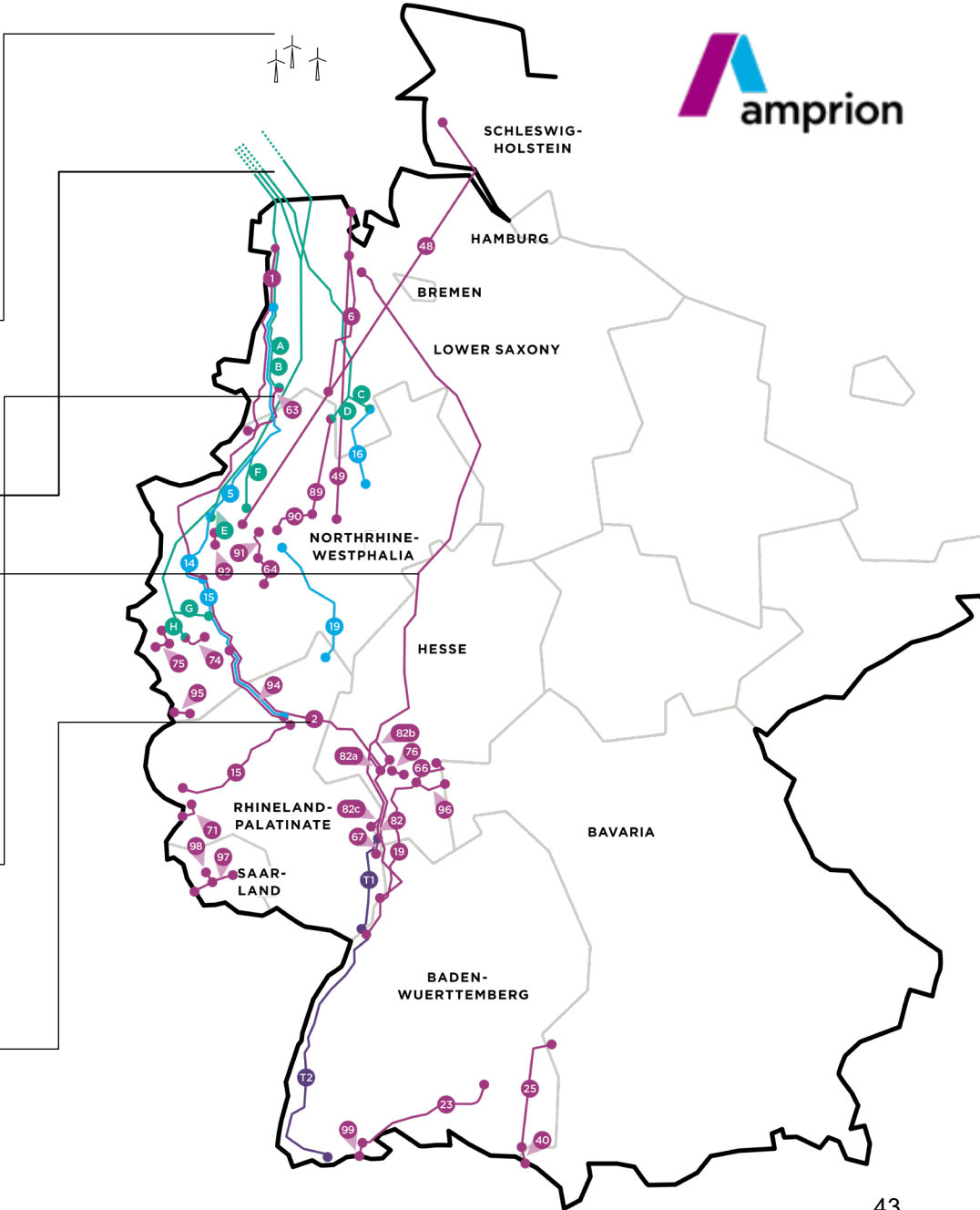
Hanekenfähr – Gronau

Accelerated by 2 years (commissioning 2032/33)



Ultraset

Accelerated by 1 year (commissioning 2026)



STRONG STRATEGY TO SECURE CAPACITY

CAPACITY TO THE VALUE OF EUR 12BN SECURED IN H1 2024



PROACTIVE
ACTION

EARLY
NEGOTIATIONS

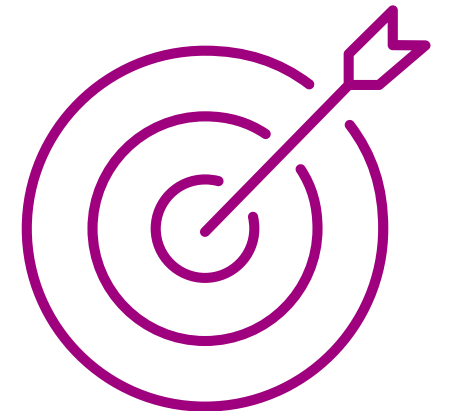
CAREFUL SELECTION
OF SUPPLIERS

EUR
12bn
in H1.2024

SECURED EQUIPMENT AND SERVICES UNTIL 2034
cables | civil works

Risk mitigation for Onshore and Offshore projects:

- Early procurement + comprehensive own logistics
- Integrated project management
- Personnel growth and development
- Reduction of CO₂-footprint (short transport routes)
- Quality management
- Mitigation of risks in supply chain



ENERGY TRANSITION
IN GERMANY

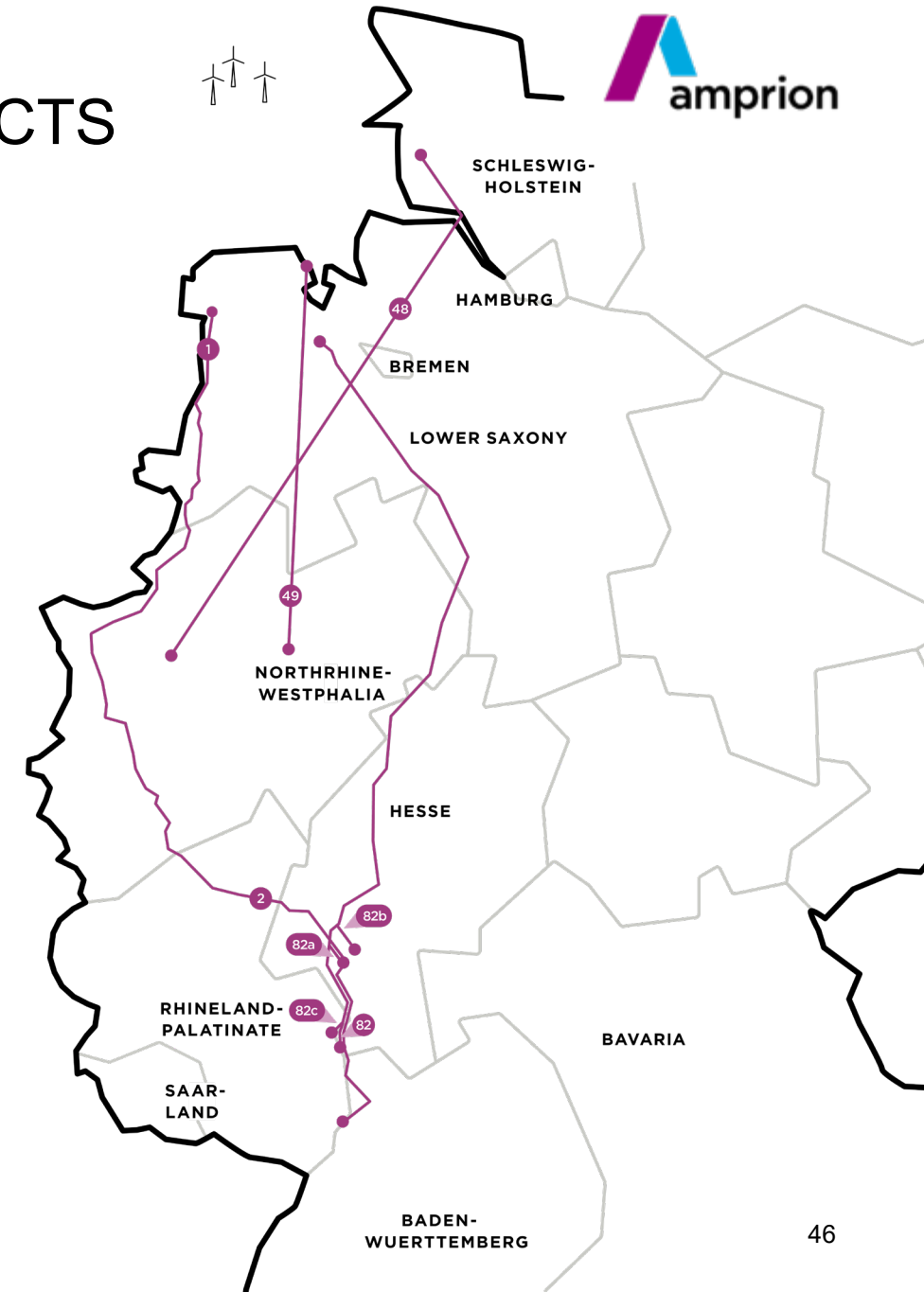
5.1. ONSHORE GRID EXPANSION



ONSHORE PROJECT PIPELINE

SOME OF AMPRION'S MAIN ONSHORE PROJECTS

	A-Nord 1	Ultrahnet 2	Korridor B 48 49	Rhein-Main-Link 82 82a 82b 82c
Project status	Permission & Construction	Permission	Permission	Permission
Starting and end point	Emden – Osterath	Philipsburg – Osterath	Heide/West – Polsum Wilhelmshaven – Hamm	Ovelgönne – Bürstadt, Marxheim, Kriftel, Suchraum Ried
Commissioning	2027	2026	2032	2033/2035/ 2036/2037
Length	approx. 300 km	approx. 340 km	approx. 270 km/440 km	approx. 568 km/ 513 km/513 km/ 557 km
Capacity	2,000 MW	2,000 MW	2 x 2,000 MW	4 x 2,000 MW



Projects determined by BBPIG (BundesBedarfsPlanGesetz – Federal Requirements Plan Act)

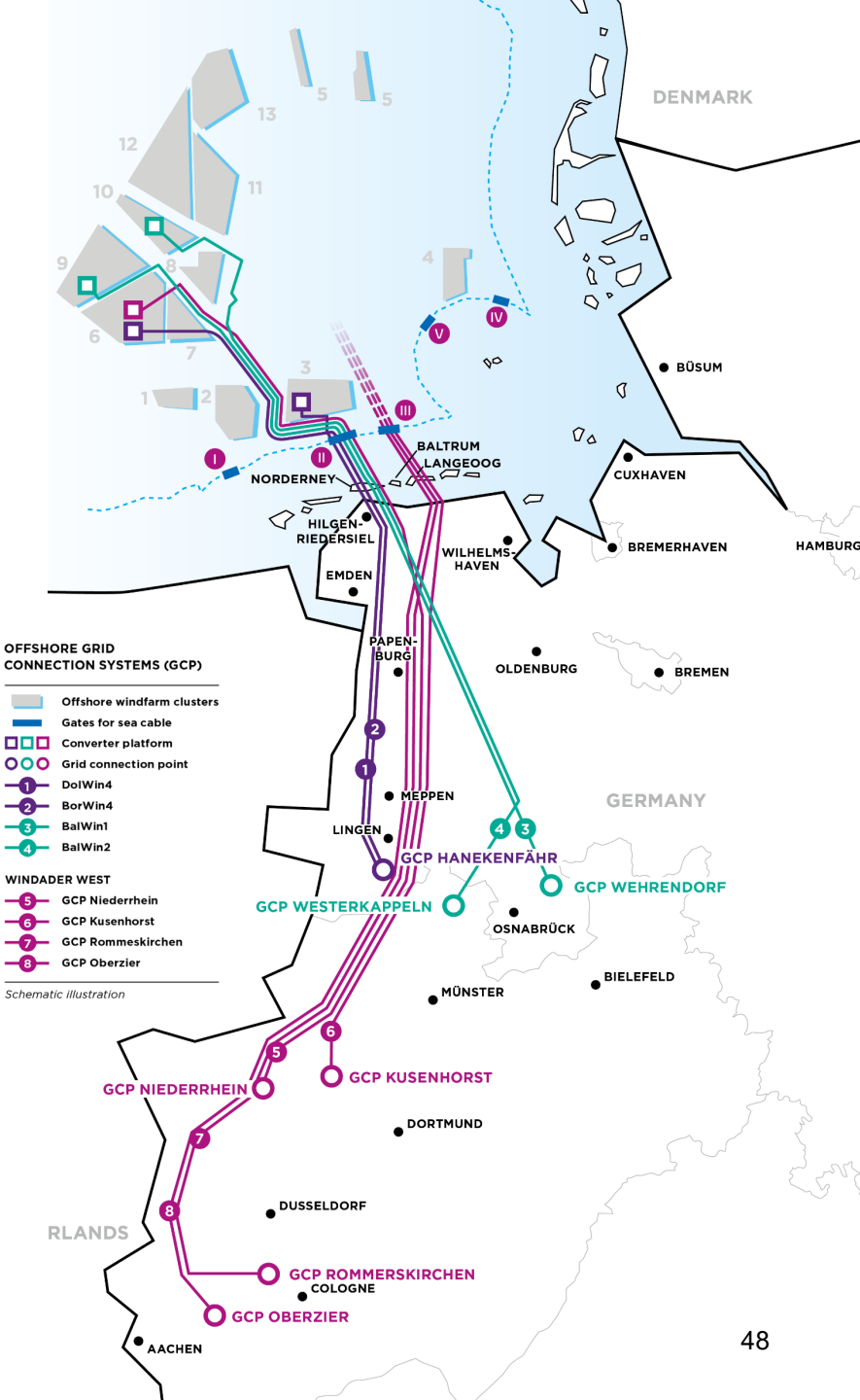
5.2. OFFSHORE GRID CONNECTION PROJECTS



OFFSHORE PROJECT PIPELINE

AMPRION'S MAIN OFFSHORE PROJECTS

	DoIWin4 1	BorWin4 2	BalWin1 3	BalWin2 4	Windader West 5	Windader West 6	Windader West 7	Windader West 8
Project status	Public planning procedure	Public planning procedure	Public planning procedure	Public planning procedure	Regional planning procedure	Regional planning procedure	Regional planning procedure	Regional planning procedure
Grid connection point	Haneken-fähr (Lingen)	Haneken-fähr (Lingen)	Wehrendorf	Westerkappeln	Niederrhein	Kusenhorst	Rommerskirchen	Oberzier
Commissioning	2028	2028	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2036
Length	approx. 215 km	approx. 280 km	approx. 360 km	approx. 380 km	approx. 450 km	approx. 530 km/ 550 km	approx. 630 km	approx. 800 km
Capacity	900 MW	900 MW	2,000 MW	2,000 MW	2,000 MW	2,000 MW	2,000 MW	2,000 MW



as at 30 June 2024

5.3. OFFSHORE INTERCONNECTION

CROSS-BORDER PROJECTS

INTERNATIONAL TSO COOPERATION

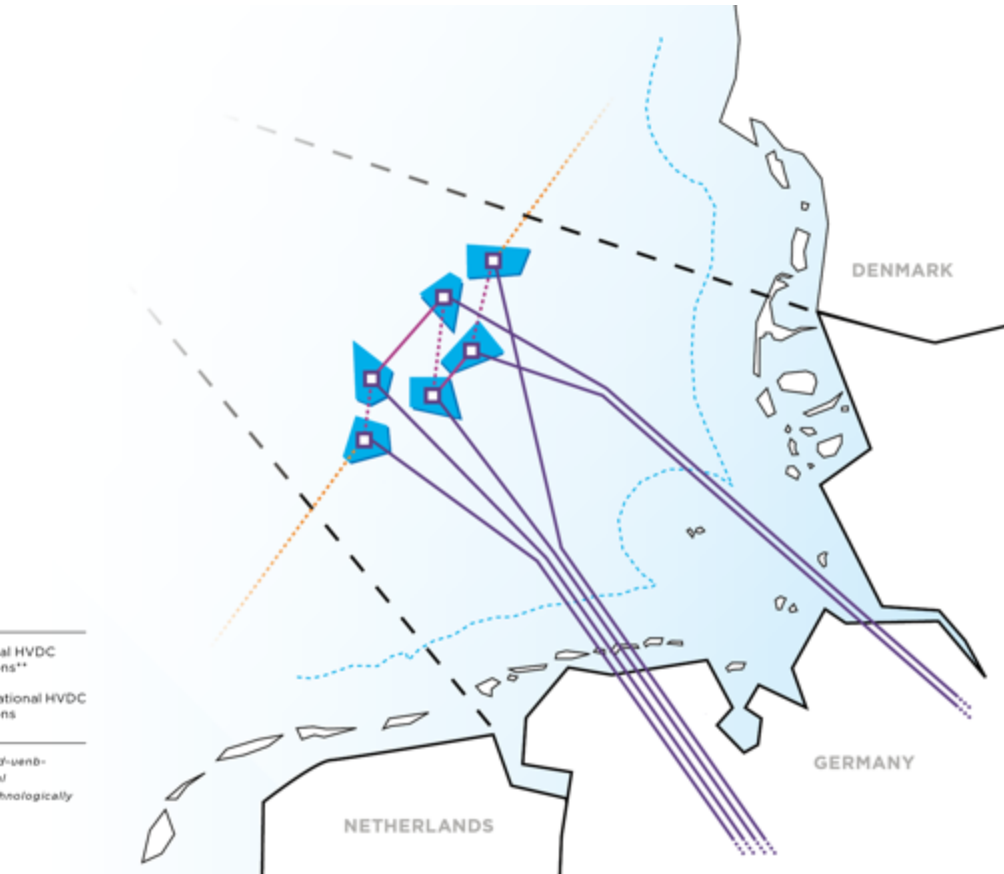
- The North Sea Summits in Esbjerg (Denmark, 2022) and Ostend (Belgium, 2023) gave tailwind for an interconnected offshore power grid.
- As leading TSO, 50Hertz, Amprion, Elia, Energinet, Gasunie and Tennet propose taking a gradual approach for developing an initial offshore grid in the North Sea.
- The grid's main contribution to overall welfare is achieved with international connections by expanding net transfer capacities between market areas and thus promoting cross-border trade and EU market integration.
- Amprion and its Danish counterpart Energinet have signed a Memorandum of Understanding to explore the possibility of developing a hybrid interconnector between their two countries.
- In addition, a memorandum of understanding was signed in November 2023 between Amprion and the Norwegian transmission system operator Statnett to evaluate a hybrid interconnector on the German-Norwegian border.



SCHEMATIC DESIGN OF THE INTERCONNECTION OF GERMAN OFFSHORE WIND FARMS IN THE NORTH SEA*

- | | |
|---|---|
|  Converter platform |  Potential further national HVDC offshore interconnections** |
|  HVDC connection to the onshore grid |  Potential further international HVDC offshore interconnections |
|  National HVDC offshore interconnections | |

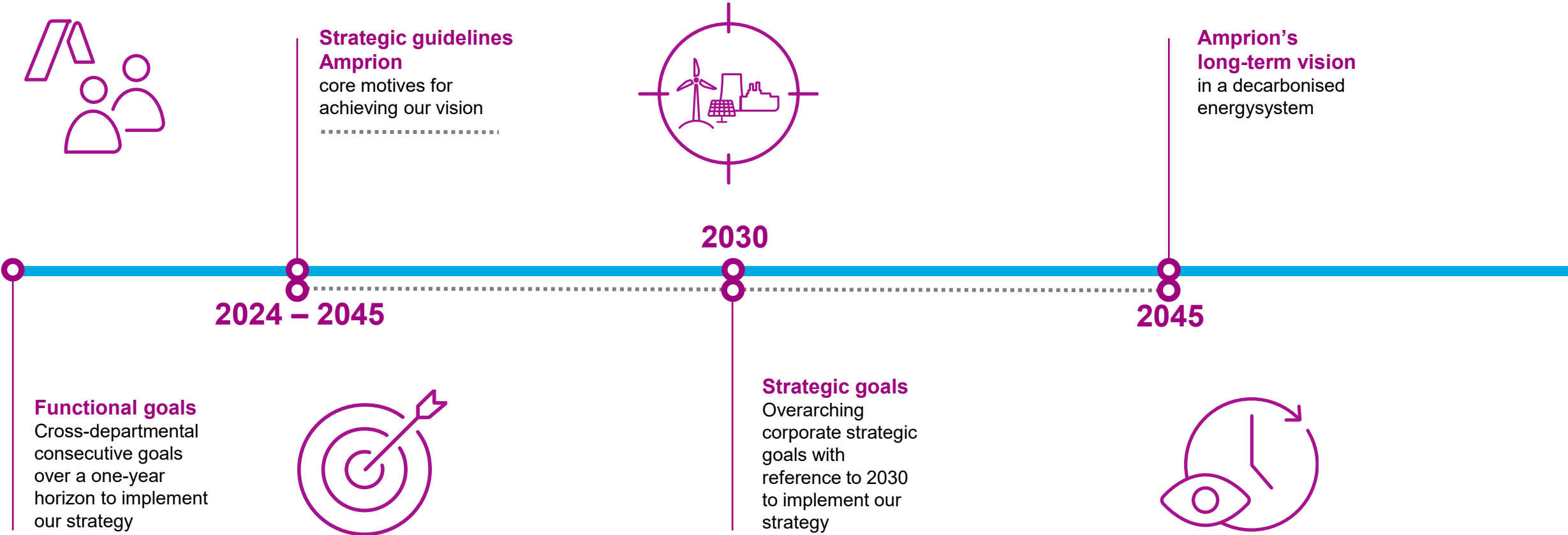
*Source: [bmwk.de/Redaktion/DE/Pressemitteilungen/2023/02/20230227-bmwk-und-uenb-veroeffentlichen-plaene-zur-vernetzung-von-offshore-windparks-in-der-nordsee.html](https://www.bmwk.de/Redaktion/DE/Pressemitteilungen/2023/02/20230227-bmwk-und-uenb-veroeffentlichen-plaene-zur-vernetzung-von-offshore-windparks-in-der-nordsee.html)
 **Further national offshore interconnections are possible in the future if they are technologically feasible and economically efficient.



6. CORPORATE STRATEGY



AMPRION AS THE FIRST NEXTGEN TSO



STRATEGIC GUIDELINES FOR ACHIEVING OUR VISION



SYSTEM INTEGRATION

- A leading transmission system operator in Europe
- Driving innovation and seizing opportunities to enable energy transition and sustainable

PERFORMANCE

- Living a culture of appreciation based on transparency, trust and willingness to change
- Commercial success and an ownership structure set up for the long term, ensuring sufficient capital resources, technological and human excellence



IMPLEMENTATION FOCUS

- System security as a top priority
- Combining grid expansion with overarching solutions for Germany as a business location

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

- Stakeholder involvement and social acceptance are fundamental to what we do
- Balancing the interests of people, environment and technology

OUR VISION: EXPERIENCE OF CHANGE

EXPERIENCE OF CHANGE

FOR A CLIMATE-NEUTRAL ENERGY SYSTEM OF THE FUTURE

Society's commitment to the transformation of the energy system has never been as clear as it is today. The long-term goal has been defined: **climate neutrality by 2045 in Germany and by 2050 in Europe.**

Achieving this goal is a task for society as a whole. However, the way forward is not clearly mapped out and is characterised by interdependencies and the need to make decisions that point the way forward.

Amprion is experienced in this kind of long-term transformation: since the commissioning of the first high-voltage transmission line almost 100 years ago, we have been working in an energy system in transition.

As the backbone, our transmission grids have always made this change possible and will continue to do so in the future.



AMPRION

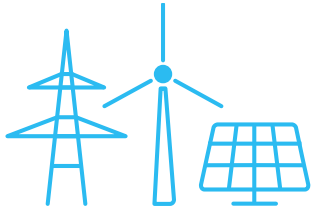
THE FIRST NEXTGEN TSO

Through our transmission grid, we are continuously developing the basis for the energy system of the future. We always do this in partnership and dialogue in order to integrate different perspectives and think about the transmission grid in a cross-sectoral way. Our experience enables us to advise all stakeholders on how best to achieve a climate-neutral energy system – the most sustainable and efficient way to achieve climate neutrality.

- **Reliable and efficient:** We are aware of our special responsibility to the energy system. We combine absolute reliability with economic efficiency.
- **Innovative and integrated:** We pursue innovations that are essential for the efficient integration of the energy system and help to overcome sector boundaries.
- **Sustainable and accepted:** We gain acceptance through consistent sustainability.



OUR STRATEGIC GOALS FOR 2030 AND HOW WE INTEND TO ACHIEVE THEM



GRID EXPANSION AND SYSTEM SECURITY

We are enabling the necessary transition to a climate-neutral energy system by accelerating grid development while maintaining the highest levels of system security.

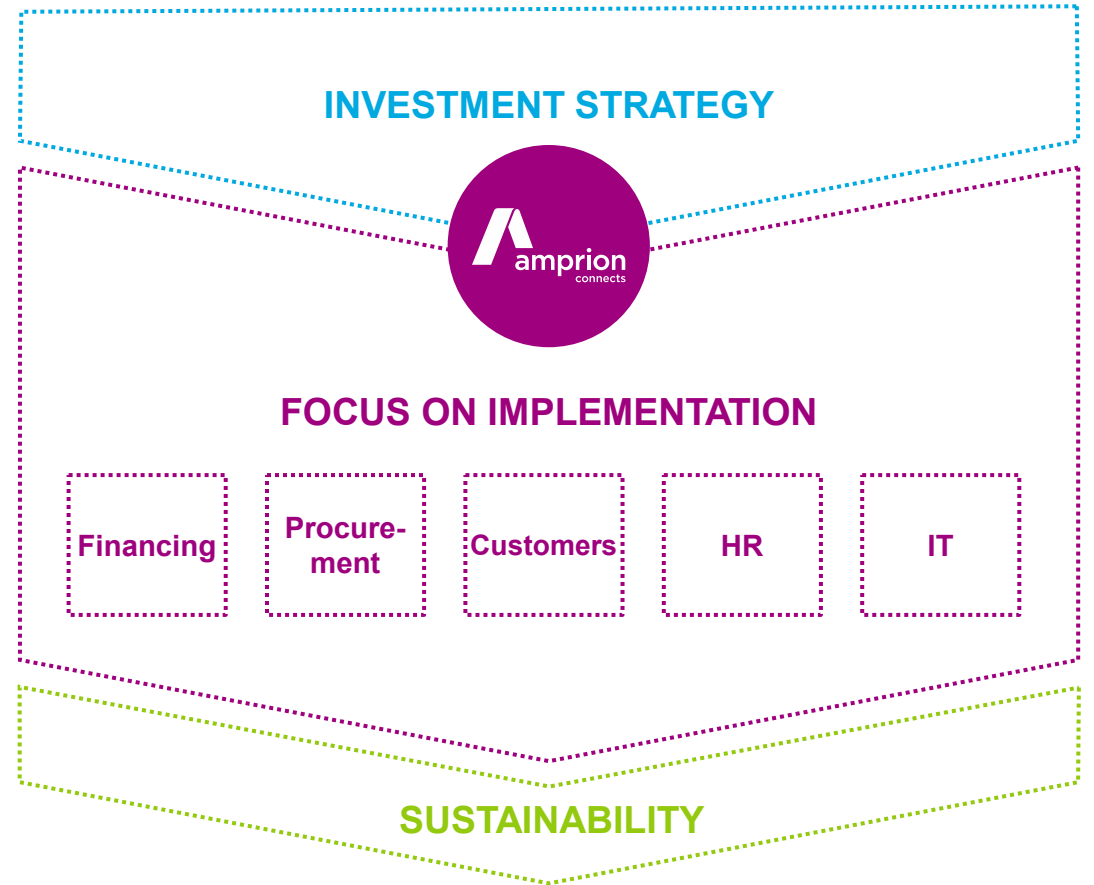
SYSTEM INTEGRATION

We are positioning ourselves to plan and manage the climate-neutral energy system in an integrated and coordinated way.



ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE

We are safeguarding our economic performance for the long term. This will enable us to raise the necessary equity and debt capital to finance grid expansion and to continue to operate independently.



INVESTMENT STRATEGY

PRECISE AND RESILIENT INVESTMENT PLANNING



OUR LEGAL MANDATE: TO ENABLE THE ENERGY TRANSITION IN GERMANY

Based on the NEP, lawmakers specify requirements for the expansion of Germany's transmission grid.

Achieving climate neutrality by 2045 will require significant grid expansion on- and offshore as well as further measures such as “grid booster” battery systems.

In the period to 2045, this results in a triple-digit billion Euro investment volume for all four German TSOs



OUR APPROACH: TO MAKE OUR PLANNING BASIS ROBUST AGAINST UNCERTAINTY

Through a techno-economic analysis of external and internal parameters, we bolster the robustness of our planning basis in the face of uncertainty:

- Validation of scenario assumptions within the network development plan

in cooperation with

- Analysis of the trajectory of industrial demand as a crucial input to grid planning

in cooperation with

- Prudent planning and analyses of required assets and services for the next decade



OUR AIM: TO ENSURE A RESILIENT LONG-TERM PLANNING STRATEGY

This comprehensive approach enables us to work out a robust long-term planning within a changing and dynamic market environment.

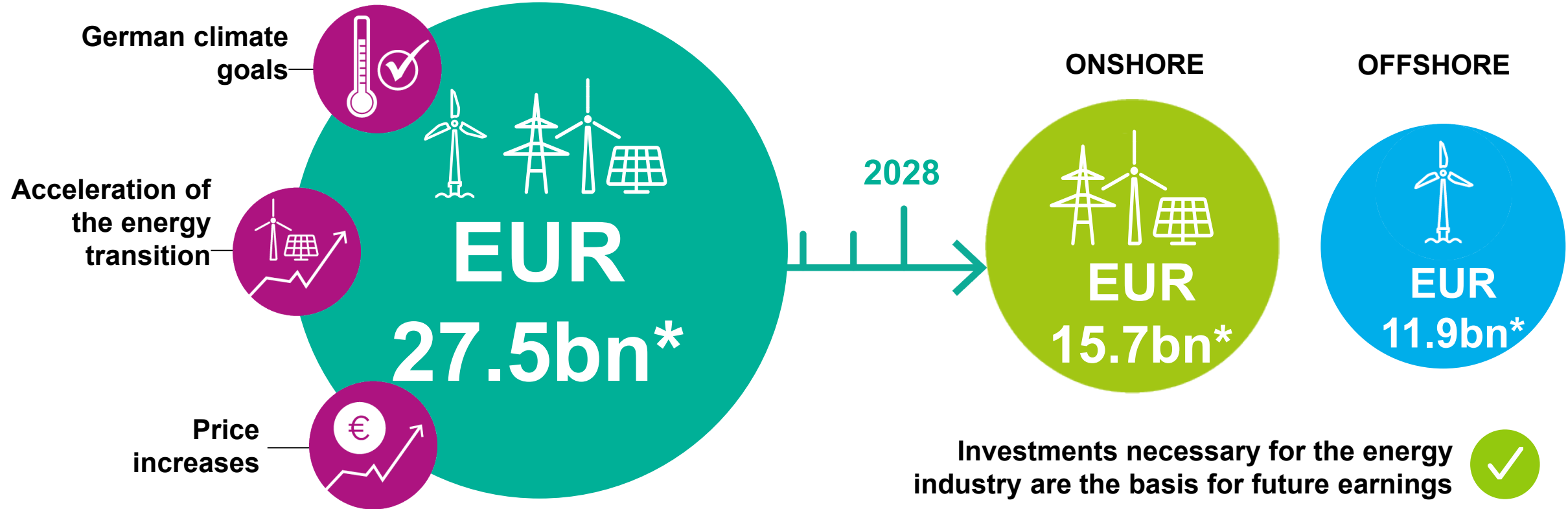
On- and offshore expansion follows the principles of a “no regret” investment strategy (“As much as necessary, as little as possible”)



6.1. CORPORATE STRATEGY FINANCING & CAPITAL MARKETS

ENABLER OF THE ENERGY TRANSITION

PLANNED GRID INVESTMENTS OF EUR 27.5BN BY 2028

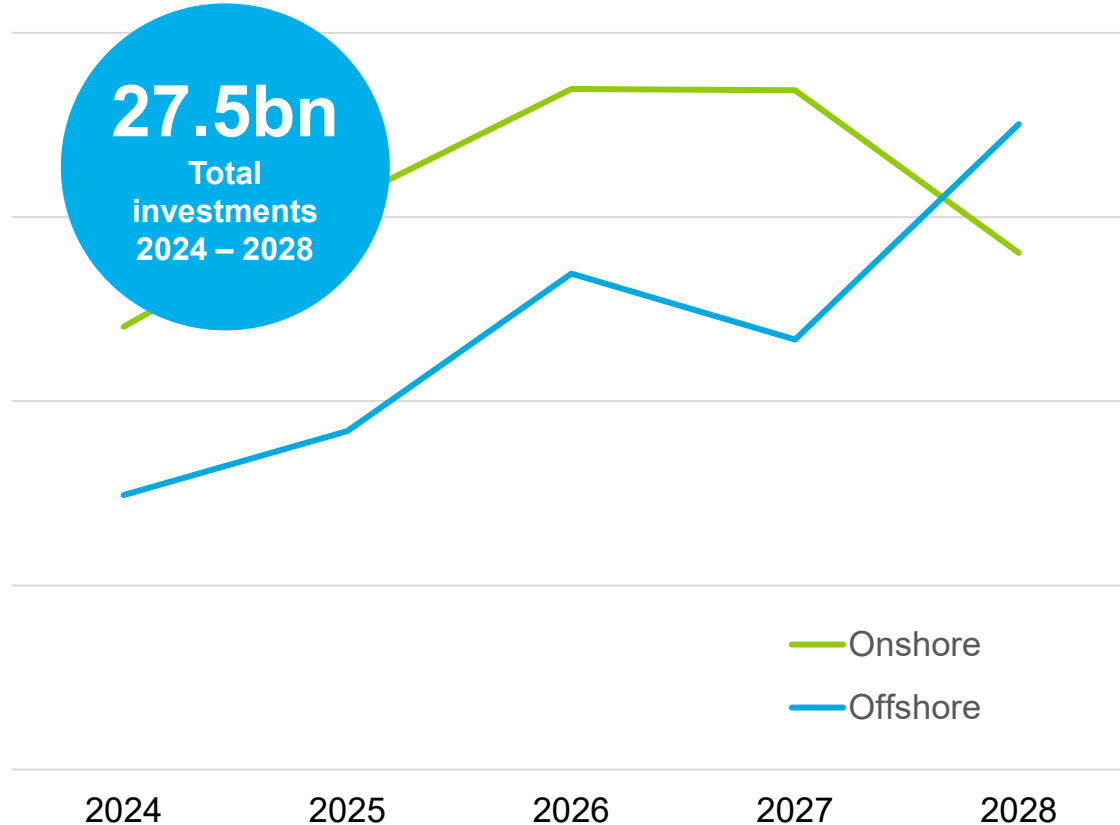


● Total investments
 ● Onshore
 ● Offshore

* as at November 2023, rounded figures

OVERVIEW OF PLANNED INVESTMENTS

SPLIT ONSHORE & OFFSHORE INVESTMENTS



ONSHORE

- EUR 15,7bn (57% of total investments)
- Onshore investments peak in 2025 + 2026
- Overall increase mainly due to
 - rolling planning period effect
 - price hikes for DC-cables and converter stations
 - faster realisation of corridor A-North, among other things

OFFSHORE

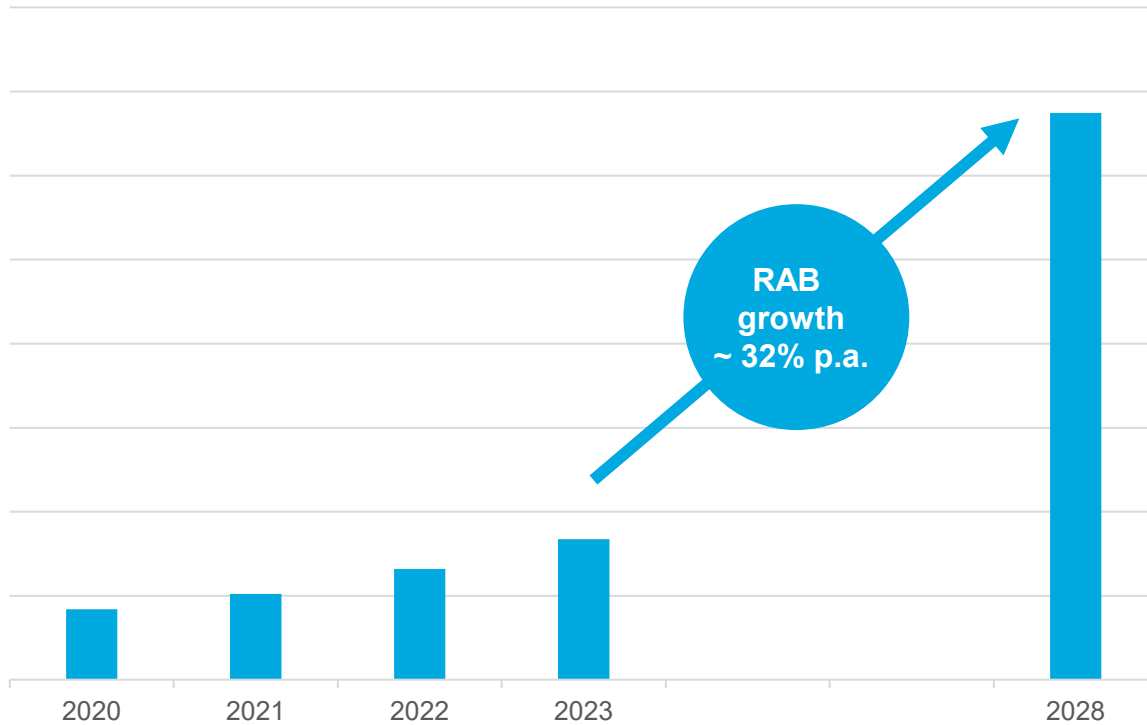
- EUR 11,9bn (43% of total investments)
- Offshore investment volumes increase towards the end of the investment period
- Overall increase mainly due to
 - rolling planning period effect
 - price hikes for DC-cables and converter stations

RISING INVESTMENTS AND RAB

SECURED INVESTMENTS DRIVE RAB AND FUTURE EARNINGS



PROJECTED DEVELOPMENT OF RAB



RAB growth results from Amprion's statutory mandate.

Regulatory framework for TSOs ensures direct recognition of planned grid investments in the RAB.



Permissible revenues for capital costs are based on the RAB and build the basis for the refinancing of equity and debt capital costs.

Increasing investments mandatory but secured in law

Increasing regulatory asset base

Growth in regulated income and operating cash flow

Minor credit risk

SOLID BASIS FOR FINANCING STRATEGY

COMBINING FOUR CORE COMPONENTS



STABILITY

- Stable investment-grade rating
- Frequent issuer on the capital markets
- Continuous equity injections
- Stable dividend payouts in line with regulatory return on equity
- Appropriate and supportive evolution of the regulatory framework

SUSTAINABILITY

- Financing strategy reflects our intrinsically sustainable business model
- Sustainability as a key characteristic in all our financing activities
- State-of-the-art Green Finance Framework as the basis for capital market transactions



PROFITABILITY

- Focus on profitability incl. stable operating cash flows in the grid business and earnings
- Optimal regulatory leverage taking into account regulation and rating (60% debt/40% equity)
- Financing instruments that are efficient in regulatory terms

FLEXIBILITY

- Ensuring sufficient financing headroom
- Ensuring continuous access to capital markets
- Use of a broad range of short- and long-term debt capital instruments

STABLE AND DIVERSE SOURCES OF FUNDING

WELL POSITIONED FOR GRID INVESTMENTS

STABLE EQUITY

- Stable shareholder structure since 2011
- Equity contribution due end of 2024
- Supervisory Board approved the long-term financial plan and the corresponding financing strategy



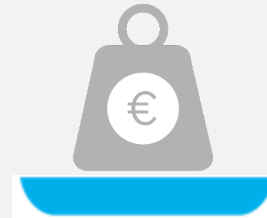
DEBT INSTRUMENTS: BRIDGE-TO-BOND STRATEGY

Syndicated loan facility

- Increase of EUR 600m to 2.6bn syndicated loan facility maturing in October 2027

Debt Issuance Programme (DIP)

- EUR 9bn Debt Issuance Programme
- Frequent issuer: most recent issuance of green dual-tranche bond in August '24 (€1.1bn total volume)
- Hybrid bonds as a further possibility to strengthen the equity base



FLEXIBLE PORTFOLIO OF DEBT INSTRUMENTS

- Debt Issuance Programme
- Syndicated loan facility
- Promissory note loans / registered bonds
- Commercial Paper Programme
- Uncommitted credit lines
- Long-term loans

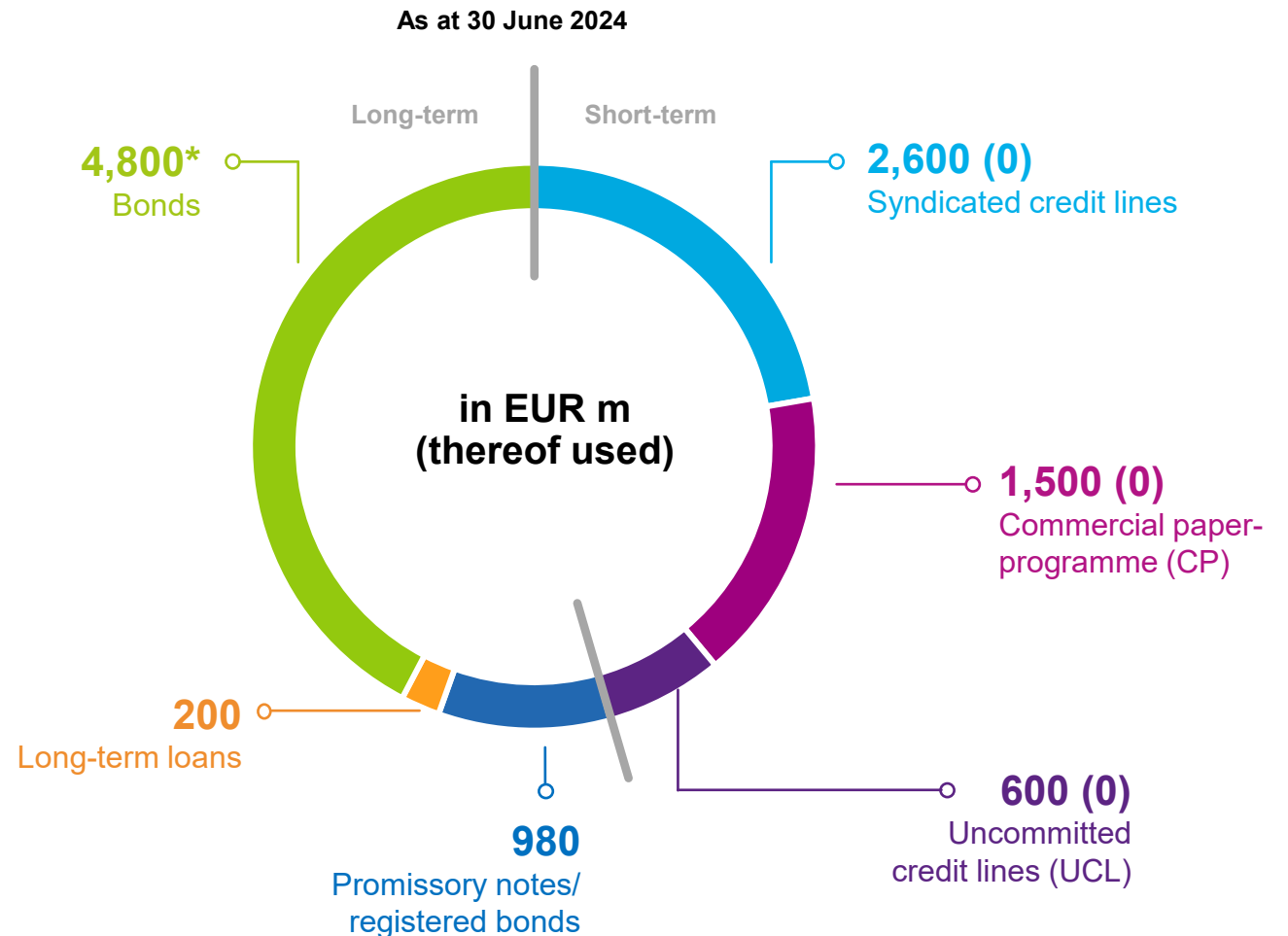


GOAL: To finance investments through an efficient mix of equity and debt capital

SOLID FUNDING

DIVERSIFIED DEBT INSTRUMENTS

- Financing of investments based on an efficient mix of equity, internal financing and debt capital
- Funding structure based on investment volume and bridge-to-bond approach (EUR 9bn debt issuance programme)



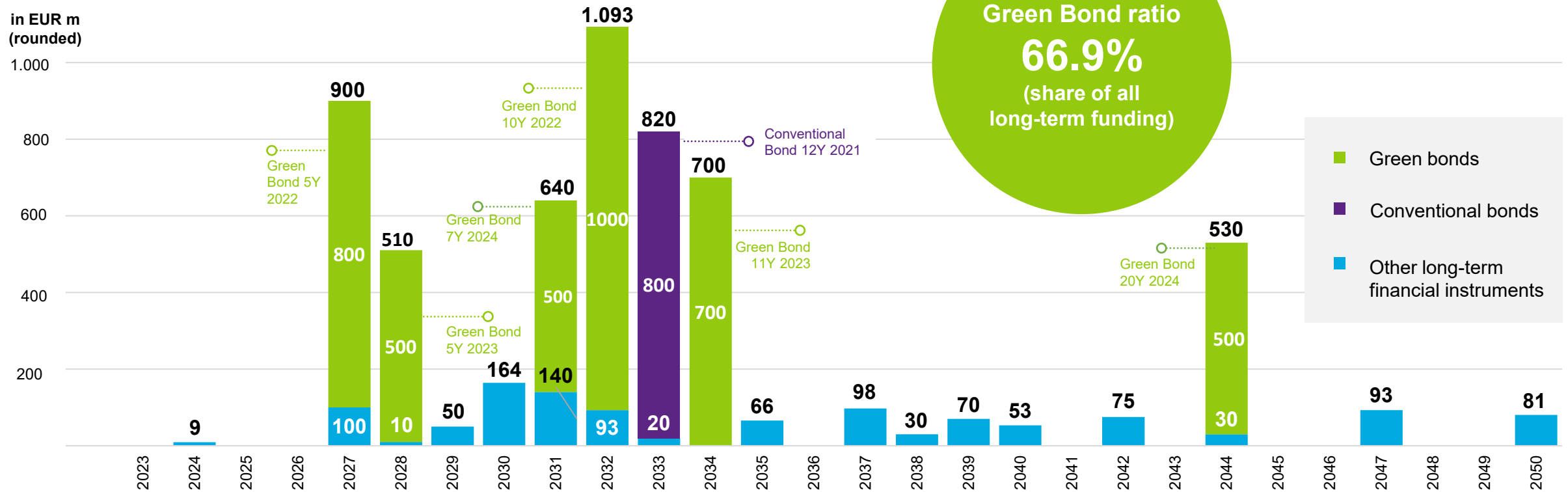
* Dual-tranche green bond issuance (EUR 1.1bn) as at 19 August 2024 not included

MATURITY PROFILE AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

BALANCED LONG-TERM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS



- Weighted average interest rate at 3.05% p.a.
- Total outstanding volume of EUR 5.980m*



* Dual-tranche green bond issuance (EUR 1.1bn) as at 19 August 2024 not included

OVERVIEW OF BONDS OUTSTANDING

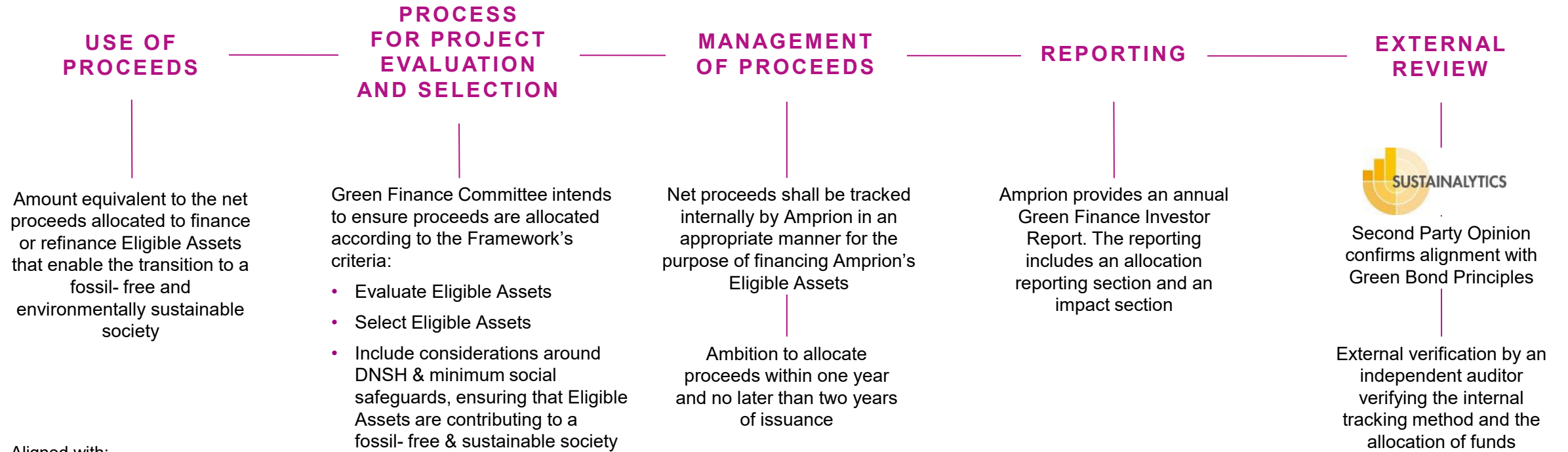
UNDER AMPRION'S €9BN DEBT ISSUANCE PROGRAMME



	ISIN	Principle amount in EUR	Coupon	Interest payment	Maturity	Issue price	Denomination in EUR	Use of proceeds
Conventional Bond 12Y (2033)	DE000A3E5VX4	800m	0.625%	annual	23 Sep 2033	98.741%	100,000	<p>General corporate purposes</p> <p>Allocation of the net proceeds in accordance with Amprion's Green Finance Framework</p>
Green Bond 5Y (2027)	DE000A30VPL3	800m	3.450%	annual	22 Sep 2027	100.000%	100,000	
Green Bond 10Y (2032)	DE000A30VPM1	1,000m	3.971%	annual	22 Sep 2032	100.000%	100,000	
Green Bond 5Y (2028)	DE000A3514E6	500m	3.875%	annual	7 Sep 2028	99.804%	100,000	
Green Bond 11Y (2034)	DE000A3514F3	700m	4.125%	annual	7 Sep 2034	99.160%	100,000	
Green Bond 7Y (2031)	DE000A383BP6	500m	3.625%	annual	21 May 2031	99.897%	100,000	
Green Bond 20Y (2044)	DE000A383BQ4	500m	4.000%	annual	21 May 2044	98.666%	100,000	

Dual-tranche green bond issuance (EUR 1.1bn) as at 19 August 2024 not included

AMPRION'S GREEN FINANCE FRAMEWORK



Aligned with:



EU Taxonomy (as of Dec 2021)

Technical screening criteria alignment, in detail:

- ✓ Aligned with 'substantial contribution' part
- ✓ Aligned with 'do no significant harm' part on a best-efforts basis



Green Bond Principles

Voluntary Process Guidelines for Issuing Green Bonds

June 2021



Green Loan Principles

Supporting environmentally sustainable economic activity



INVESTMENTS IN BOTH AC AND DC GRIDS

ACCORDING TO OUR GREEN FINANCE ELIGIBLE ASSET CATEGORIES

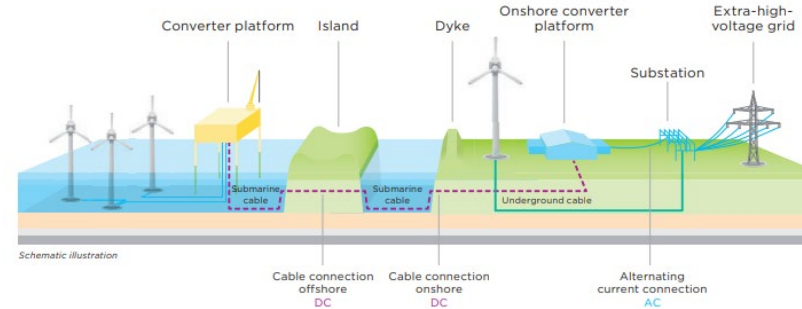


ELIGIBLE ASSET CATEGORY¹⁾

SUSTAINABLE AND SECURE TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

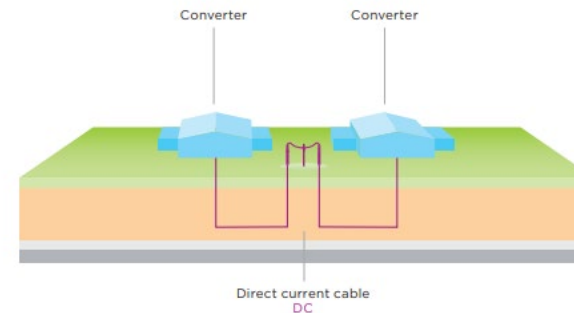
1 GRID CONNECTION OFFSHORE

Grid connections between offshore renewable energy projects and onshore substations through sea and land cables. This includes offshore interconnectors to electricity grids, converter platforms and connection facilities at the onshore substation.



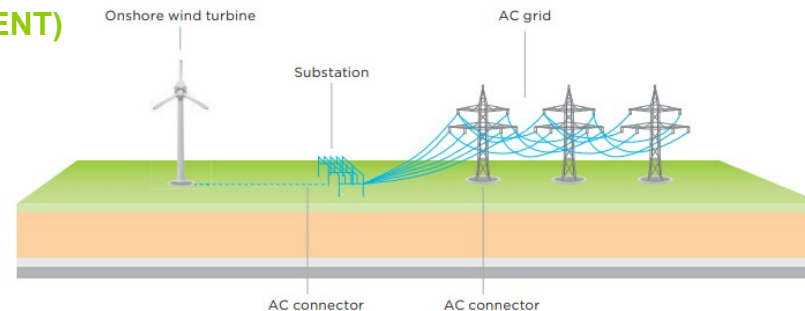
2 ONSHORE DC (DIRECT CURRENT) PROJECTS AND CONVERTERS

Onshore DC lines and DC stations as well as DC interconnectors within the European grid, which contribute to efficiency and the integration of renewable energy.



3 ONSHORE AC (ALTERNATING CURRENT) PROJECTS INCLUDING SUBSTATION

Development, construction and reconstruction of the onshore AC electricity grid to enhance and renew the transmission grid as well as AC Interconnectors within the European Grid, to foster capacity for renewable energy and efficiency.



CONTRIBUTION TO UN SDGs



Target 7.2



Target 9.4

ENVIRONMENTAL OBJECTIVE²⁾

CLIMATE CHANGE MITIGATION

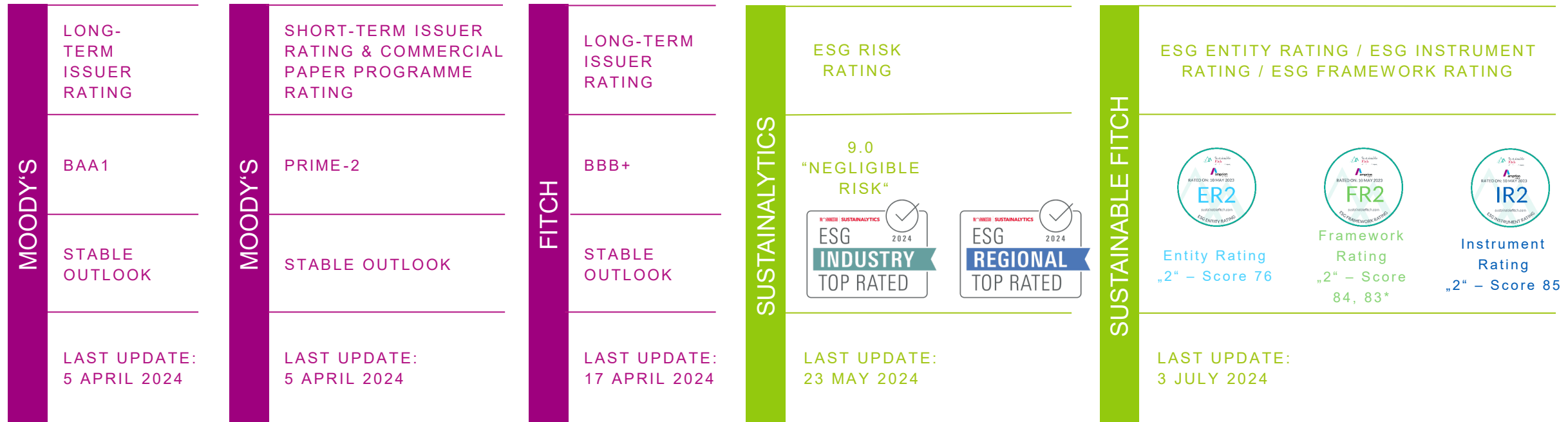
¹⁾ This Eligible Asset Category relates closely to the GBP & GLP categories "Renewable energy" and "Energy efficiency". Due to the long-standing processes that Amprion uses to track and account for different assets, it is not currently possible to distinguish the exact allocations to the respective categories.
²⁾ EU Taxonomy Environmental Objectives (Article 9 of the Taxonomy Regulation EU 2020/852)

SOLID CREDIT RATINGS SINCE 2011

EXTERNAL ASSESSMENTS INCLUDING RECENT ESG RATINGS



- Excellent access to capital markets due to solid investment-grade ratings since 2011
- Debt instruments issued by Amprion have been confirmed to be eligible collateral by the Deutsche Bundesbank since the first credit assessment performed in 2011
- Our goal is to maintain an investment-grade rating going forward



Sources: Moody's investors Service (<https://www.moody.com/>), Fitch Ratings (<https://www.fitchratings.com/>)

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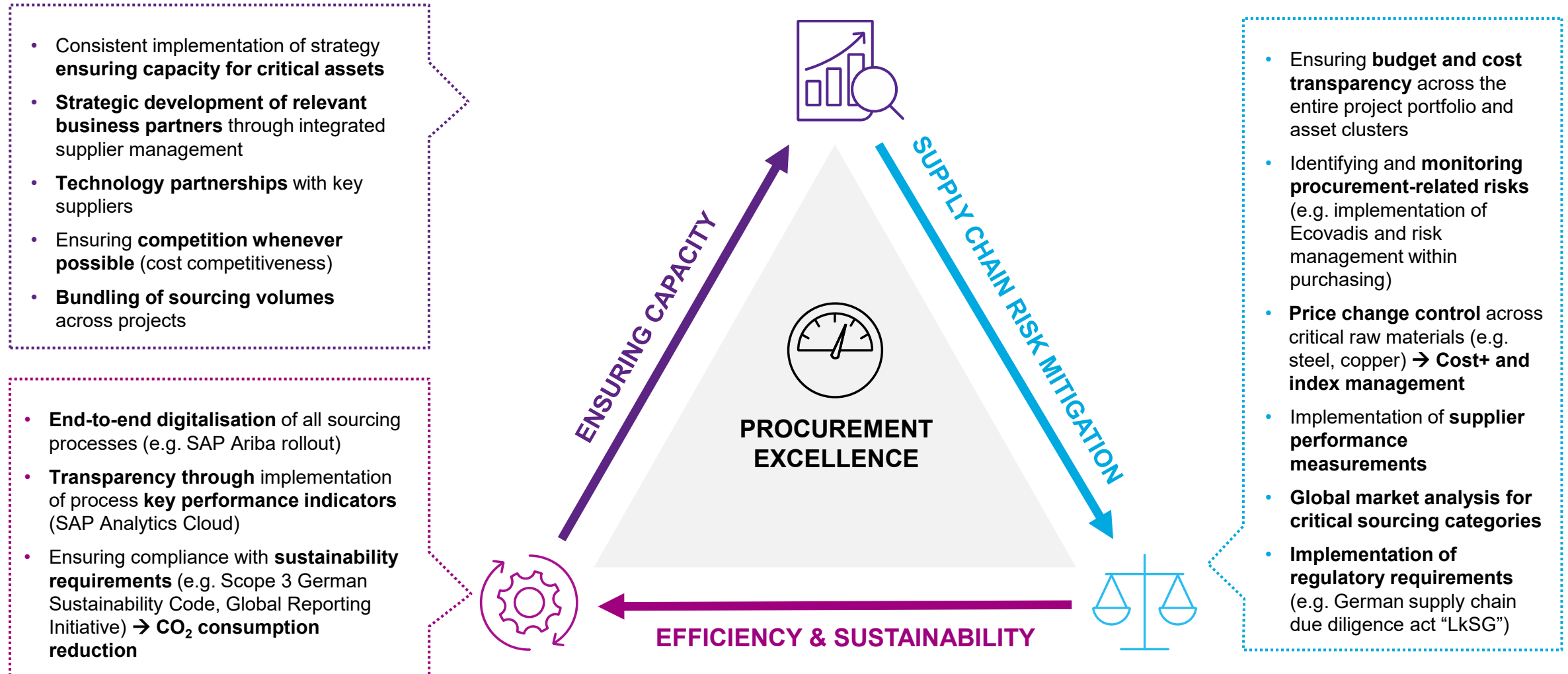
*The green bonds (ISINs DE000A3514F3, DE000A3514E6, DE000A383BQ4 and DE000A383BP6), issued in September 2023 and May 2024, have been assigned marginally lower ESG framework scores of 83, because allocation information was not yet available for these issuances at the time of the assessment.



6.2. CORPORATE STRATEGY PROCUREMENT, CUSTOMERS, HR & IT

STRENGTHENED PROCUREMENT STRATEGY

SUSTAINABLE IMPLEMENTATION OF SOURCING APPROACH



CUSTOMERS IN FOCUS

A FRAMEWORK FOR AN EFFICIENT ENERGY SYSTEM

CHALLENGES

- German industry takes location-related decisions in the context of high electricity costs – majority of industrial basis located within Amprion grid
- Significant additional load/large consumers expected in the future (e.g. power-to-gas assets)

POTENTIAL RISKS

- Inefficient grid structures resulting from industrial migration or uncontrolled relocation of new large consumers
- Increase in grid charges for customers

AMPRION PUTS FORWARD PROPOSALS FOR A SUSTAINABLE AND EFFICIENT ENERGY SYSTEM

STABILISATION OF GRID FEES

- Proposal for future processing of (federal) subsidies: Ensure continuous handling for customers regarding grid fees

RESHAPING NETWORK FEE MECHANISM FOR ALLOCATION OF GRID COSTS

- Separation of cost components from grid fees
- Fair allocation of fixed network costs (grid connection capacity pricing)
- Usage of grid customer flexibility to relieve network bottlenecks (variable network fees)

INCENTIVES FOR EFFICIENT LOCATION OF NEW LOADS

- **System(M)arket** as integrated demand assessment and procurement platform for ensuring system security and security of supply
- Promote continuation of single price zone and ensure planning reliability for industry

**SYSTEM
MARKET**

SUCCESSFULLY SUPPORTING OUR GROWTH

CONTINUOUS DEVELOPMENT OF HR STRATEGY

ATTRACT

- Approaching the most suitable candidates at an early stage (e.g. through university collaborations)
- Optimising marketing and recruiting (e.g. advertising through category pages)

ONBOARD & DEVELOP

- Learning together to lead in growth (e.g. senior leadership program “Leading in Change”)
- Integrating and developing jointly (e.g. generalist-oriented trainee programme, high-potential mentoring programme)

RETAIN

...EMPLOYEES

- Offering an attractive working environment and benefits (e.g. childcare, profit sharing)
- Promoting and living diversity (e.g. fostering Women- and LGBTIQ*-networks)
- Enabling a flexible working environment (e.g. mobile work, location flexibility)

WHILE SHAPING OUR CORPORATE CULTURE

- Developing our culture in a purposeful and holistic manner. Integrated support for all change activities (e.g. via “Change Board”)
- Transforming our process landscape (e.g. via continuous improvement process “CIP”)

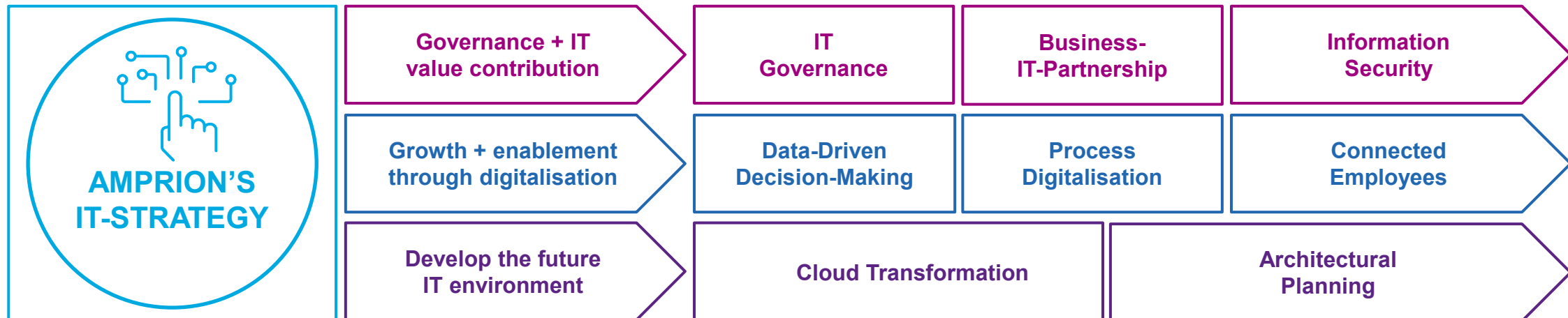


IT STRATEGY

CHALLENGES AND OBJECTIVES

CHALLENGES:

- 1 Supporting digitalisation and data-driven decision-making in a rapidly growing company
- 2 Enabling increasingly complex digital products and supply chains granting end-to-end cybersecurity and optimised IT governance
- 3 Balancing speed and sustainability in the evolution of the IT environment



6.3. CORPORATE STRATEGY SUSTAINABILITY

FUNDAMENTALLY SUSTAINABLE

ACTING SUSTAINABLY IN ALL PARTS OF OUR BUSINESS



FIVE ACTION AREAS

Sustainability strategy is executed through our five action areas



SUSTAINABILITY

EU TAXONOMY
BUSINESS ACTIVITIES
CLASSIFIED AS
"ENABLING ACTIVITY"

SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING

- 2019: Implementation of Sustainability Strategy Report
- Since 2021: Annual publication of Amprion's sustainability report
- Since 2023: in accordance with the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)
- 2023 and ongoing: Preparations of legal requirements under the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD) and related European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)
- 2026: First integrated report in accordance with ESRS about fiscal year 2025

CONTRIBUTION TO UN SDGs



GREEN FINANCE FRAMEWORK

- Green Finance Framework (ICMA GBP) as basis for publication of Green Finance Investor Reports in accordance with the Green Bond Principles
- Second Green Finance Investor Report (GFIR) published in August 2024
- The GFIR provides comprehensive information on the appropriate use of the funds and its impact
- Allocation and impact of funds audited by BDO AG Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft



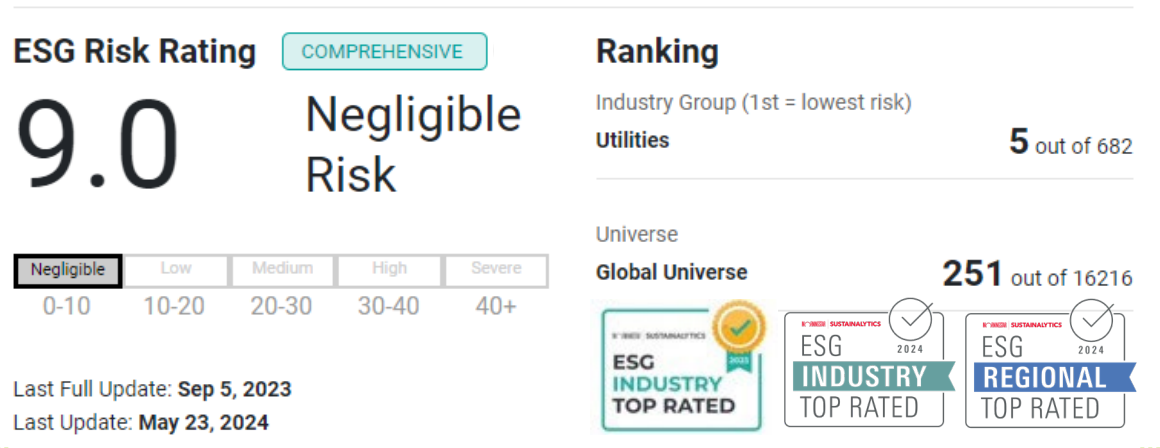
*Alignment with the technical screening criteria in detail: Compliance with the "Significant contribution" part and compliance with the "do no significant harm" part on a best efforts basis.

OUTSTANDING ESG RATING RESULTS

UNDERLINING HOLISTIC SUSTAINABILITY APPROACH



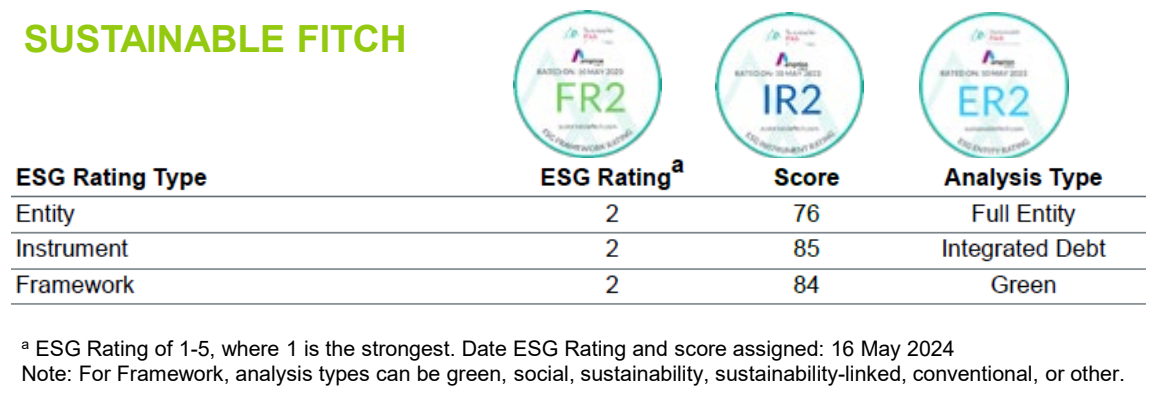
SUSTAINALYTICS



SUSTAINALYTICS

- Sustainalytics scores companies on their management and overall exposure to ESG risks in industry-specific topics, with a low score indicating a better performance.
- Amprion is rated as *Negligible risk* with a score of 9.0 and ranks third in the category *Electric Utilities*.
- Only eleven out of 682 rated utility companies worldwide are rated as *Negligible risk*.
- Quote Sustainalytics: “*Amprion GmbH’s Management of ESG Material Risk is strong and its exposure to different material ESG issues is medium and is significantly below subindustry average.*”

SUSTAINABLE FITCH



SUSTAINABLE FITCH

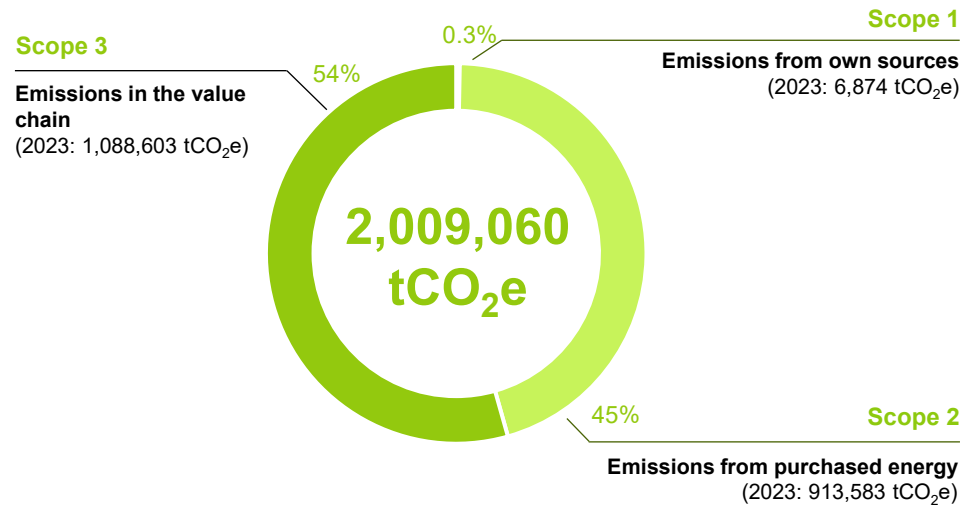
- Sustainable Fitch's ratings are assigned on a scale of 1 to 5, with a rating of "1" representing full compliance with ESG best practices.
- Besides our sustainability performance, Amprion's green bonds and the corresponding Green Finance Framework achieved a very positive rating of 2.

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CLIMATE STRATEGY FOR CO₂ REDUCTION

STATUS QUO REPORTING AND CO₂ REDUCTION TARGETS

STATUS QUO 2023



- Scope 1: No significant contribution to Amprions overall CO₂ balance
- Scope 2: 94% of which is attributable to grid losses (a physical phenomenon that cannot be changed or affected)
- Scope 3: Amprion has only upstream and no downstream activities, main drivers are purchased goods and services (e.g. construction activities themselves) and capital goods (e.g. cables, pylons, converter platforms)

CO₂ REDUCTION TARGETS

Target to reduce CO₂ emissions by 2032:

- Scope 1 and 2 by at least 63 percent (base year 2017)
- Scope 3 by 58.1 percent per kilometre of annual extended and renewed transmission grid lines (base year 2021)

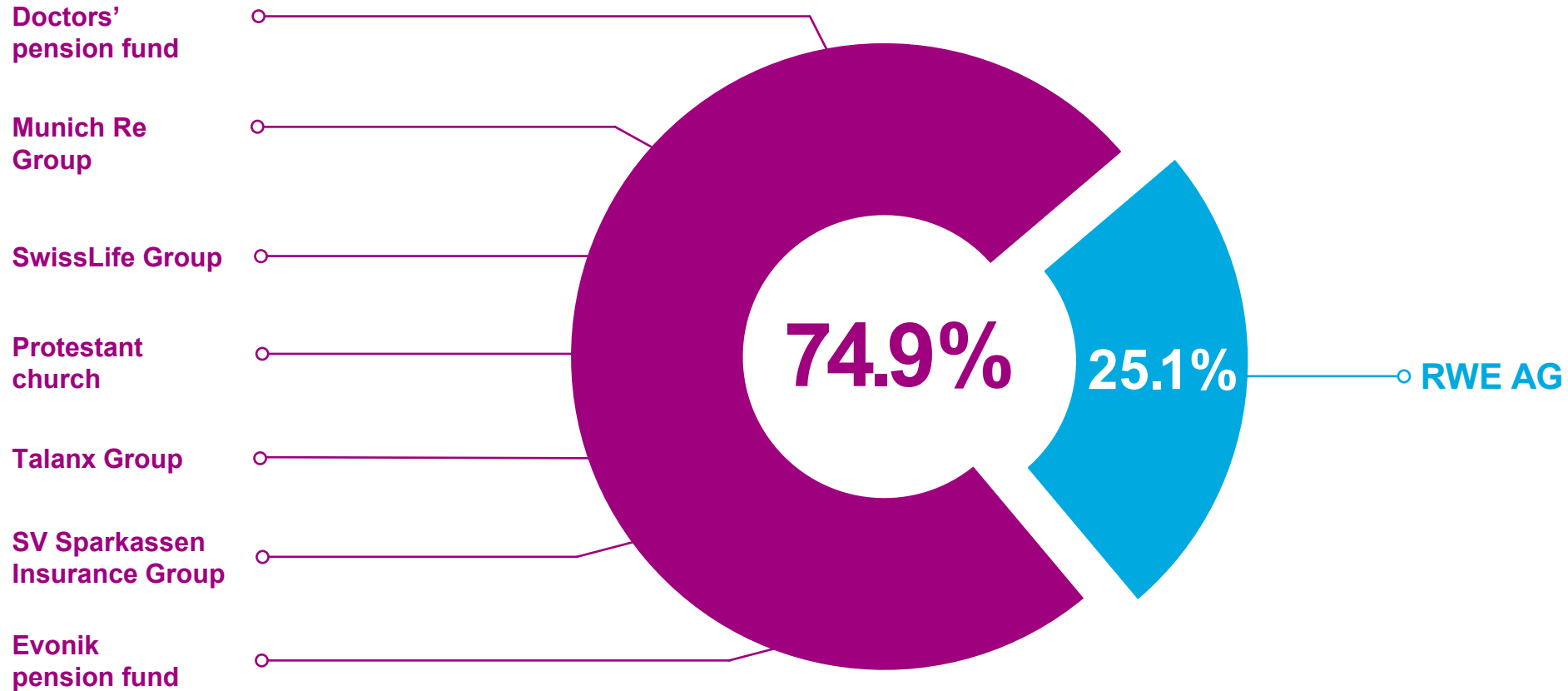


- CO₂ reduction targets have been approved by the Science Based Target initiative (SBTi)
- With these targets, Amprion is aligning itself with the 1.5-degree celsius target set out in the Paris Climate Agreement

7. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE & SHAREHOLDER

STRONG SHAREHOLDER COMMITMENT

STABLE SHAREHOLDER STRUCTURE SINCE 2011



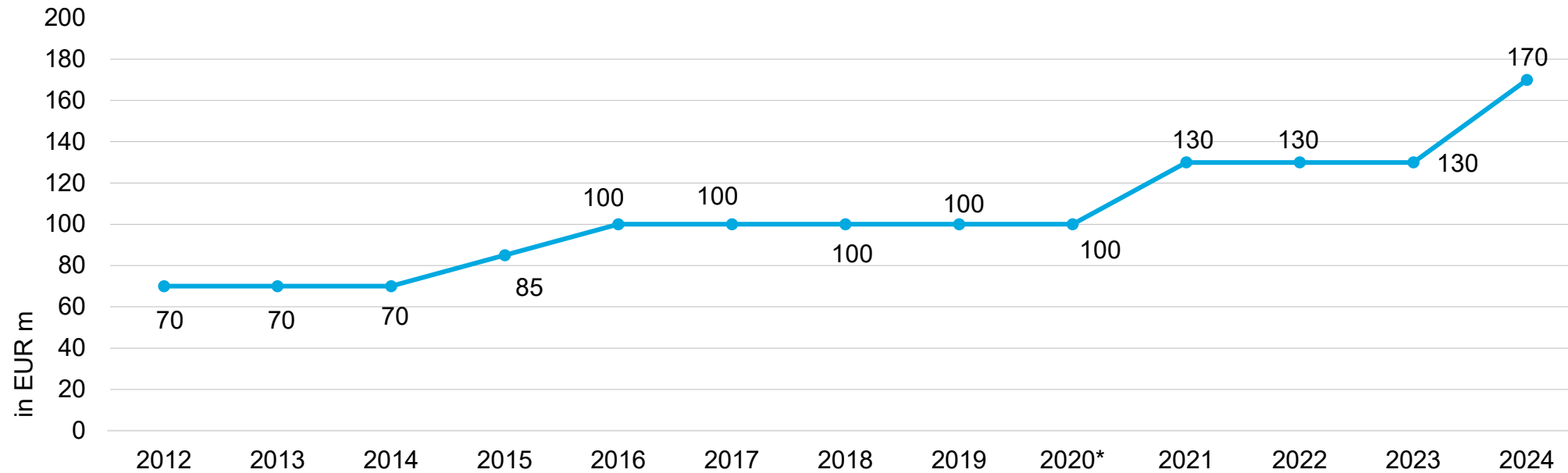
Ranked in descending order by size of equity interest in M 31

M 31
Beteiligungsgesellschaft mbH & Co. Energie KG

PRUDENT DIVIDEND POLICY



- Attractive and reliable dividend payments dependent on regulatory rate of return on equity rate and business performance
- Continuous earnings retention strengthens financial position
- Arithmetic mean of payout ratio of 50.8% since 2012

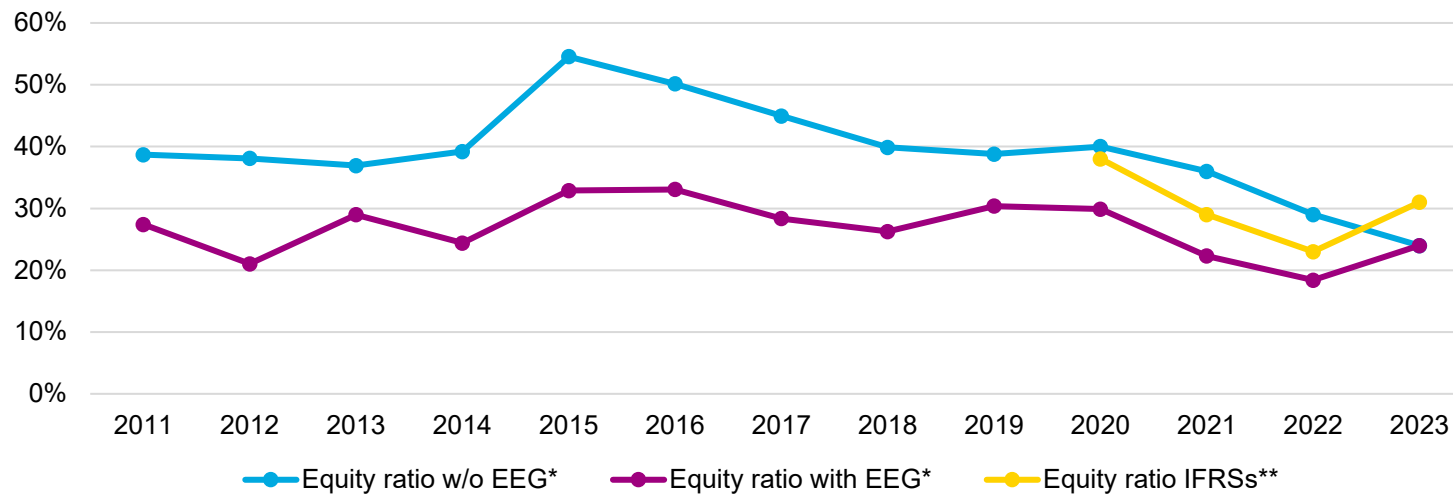


*2020: special dividend payment of EUR 23.2m to RWE AG

AMPRION WITH SOLID EQUITY RATIOS



- Amprion’s equity investors pursue a long-term investment horizon
- Shareholders support Amprion’s growth through equity injections (equity injections of EUR 400m in both 2015 and 2020) as well as long-term corporate planning and strategy
- Ongoing investment opportunity for equity investors in a low-risk, non-cyclical business model

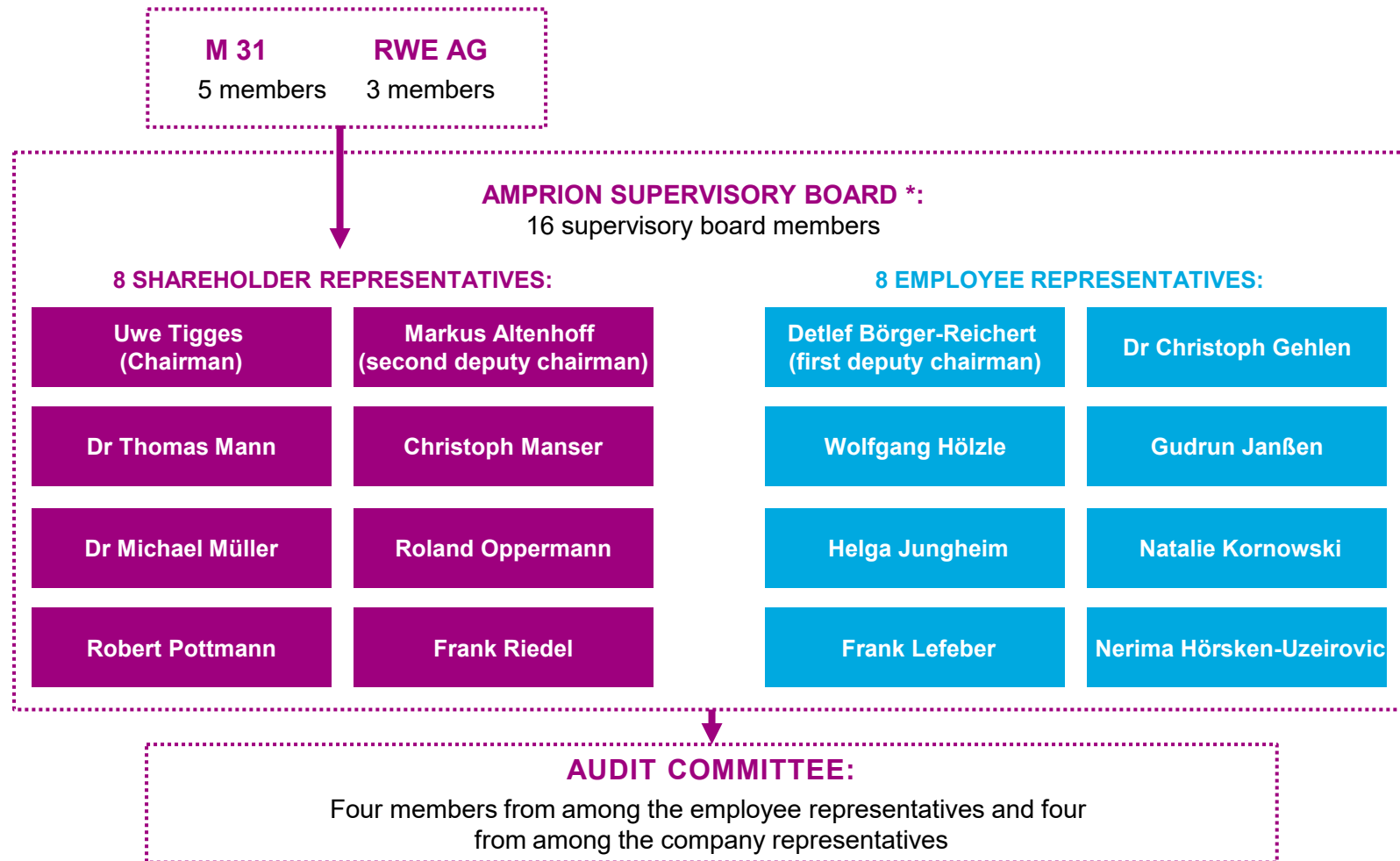


- Equity ratio strongly affected by profit-neutral EEG mechanism
- Equity injections for onshore business only occur before the base years, for offshore business yearly
- Balance sheet and imputed equity ratios differ due to different regulatory treatment

* Equity ratio of Amprion GmbH excl. Amprion Offshore GmbH in accordance with local GAAP

** Equity ratio in accordance with IFRSs (consolidated financial statements)

SUPERVISORY BOARD STRUCTURE OF AMPRION GMBH



REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

- German TSO industry is highly regulated through the **EnWG** (and further regulations), and supervised by the BNetzA.
- EnWG ensures systematically relevant grid modernisation and grid expansion.

EXAMPLES OF DECISIONS TAKEN BY THE SUPERVISORY BOARD

- Appointment of the management
- Decision on financing plans, including leverage and dividend payouts

EXAMPLES OF DECISIONS TAKEN BY SHAREHOLDERS

- Discharge of the Supervisory Board

EXAMPLES OF DECISIONS TAKEN BY MANAGEMENT

- Decisions on daily business, including grid operating and network development plans are only taken by the management of the TSO

*Supervisory board pursuant to the German Co-Determination Act (Mitbestimmungsgesetz), which consists of 16 members in accordance with the Articles of Association in conjunction with the German Co-Determination Act.

UNBUNDLING OFFICER ENSURES COMPLIANCE WITH ENERGY INDUSTRY ACT

ENERGIEWIRTSCHAFTSGESETZ – ENWG (THE ENERGY INDUSTRY ACT)

requires TSOs to

- provide grid access to our customers on a **non-discriminatory** basis
- be **fully unbundled** from vertically integrated companies
- **keep** economically sensitive **information about customers confidential**, but share market-related information equally (to all or none)
- appoint an **Unbundling Compliance Officer**
- conduct an **Unbundling Compliance Programme**
- **have all necessary resources** at hand to operate the transport grid



- **complies with all necessary requirements** under the Energiewirtschaftsgesetz
- follows the **Independent Transmission Operator model**
- has appointed an **Equal Treatment Officer (confirmed by the BNetzA)**
- ensures that **all employees adhere to these principles** in accordance with the **Unbundling Compliance Program**

PROJECT RELATED LITIGATIONS



EQUITY INTEREST RATE

Amprion and other electricity grid operators have lodged an appeal against the determination of the equity interest rate with the Düsseldorf Higher Regional Court. The Higher Regional Court upheld the appeal and instructed the Federal Network Agency to reset the equity interest rate due to insufficient plausibility. The Federal Network Agency is now handling an appeal process at the Federal Court of Justice.

GENERAL SECTORAL PRODUCTIVITY FACTOR

Amprion and other electricity grid operators have lodged an appeal against the determination of the general sectoral productivity factor of the third regulatory period with the Düsseldorf Higher Regional Court in the aim of having the rate lowered. The Higher Regional Court and the Federal Court of Justice confirmed the general productivity factor in proceedings of other electricity grid operators. The claim of Amprion is still in legal proceedings with the Higher Regional Court.

8. KEY FINANCIALS

IFRS-ACCOUNTS

Note: IFRS consolidated financial statements of
Amprion GmbH

AMPRION GROUP KEY FIGURES – HY 2024

POSITIVE PERFORMANCE



unaudited, rounded, in EUR m, IFRS

	HY 2024	HY 2023	Change in %
Revenue	2,773.5	2,915.6	-4.9
EBITDA	993.2	1,403.5	-33.5
<i>+/- adjustments of income/expense from regulatory issues</i>	<i>-339.7</i>	<i>-936.0</i>	<i>63.7</i>
EBITDA adj.	593.4	467.5	26.9
Consolidated net income	446.1	812.7	-45.1
<i>+/- adjustments of income/expense from regulatory issues including tax effect</i>	<i>-232.1</i>	<i>-639.7</i>	<i>-63.7</i>
Consolidated net income adj.	214.0	173.0	23.7
Total funds from operations (FFO)*	831.9	1,347.8	-38.3
<i>+/- adjustments of non-cash items</i>	<i>-64.6</i>	<i>-21.1</i>	<i>206.7</i>
FFO adj.	767.3	1,326.7	-42.2

*FFO defined as net income plus depreciation and amortization plus results on disposals of assets (non-cash) minus change in deferred tax (liability)

MANAGEMENT COMMENTS

- Reported figures for EBITDA, consolidated net income and FFO are affected by regulatory aspects
- Focus on adjusted IFRS figures for EBITDA, consolidated net income and FFO to assess Amprion's business performance accurately
- Decline in revenue and FFOs mainly due to payment of federal subsidy only in HY23 to stabilise grid fees
- Healthy growth of adjusted earnings
- HY2024 reconciliation of adjustments in earnings metrics dominated by changes in the regulatory account

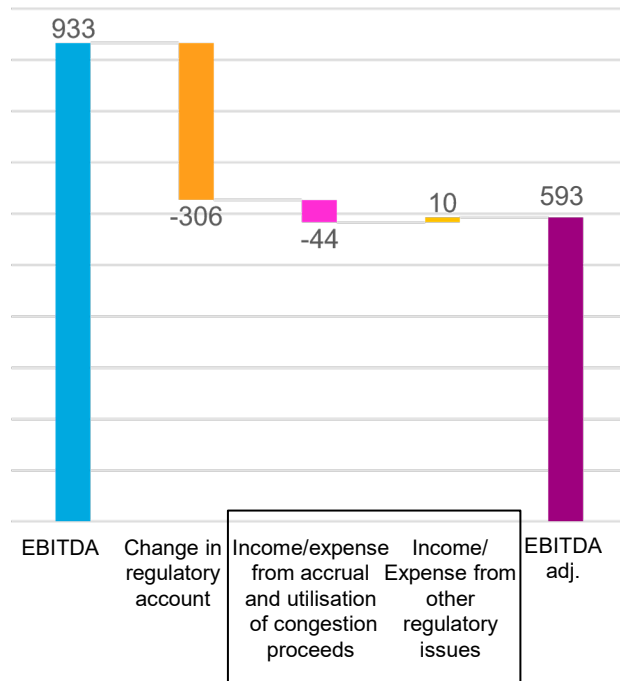
RECONCILIATION TO ADJ. KEY FIGURES IN HY 2024

ACHIEVING BETTER COMPARABILITY ACROSS PERIODS



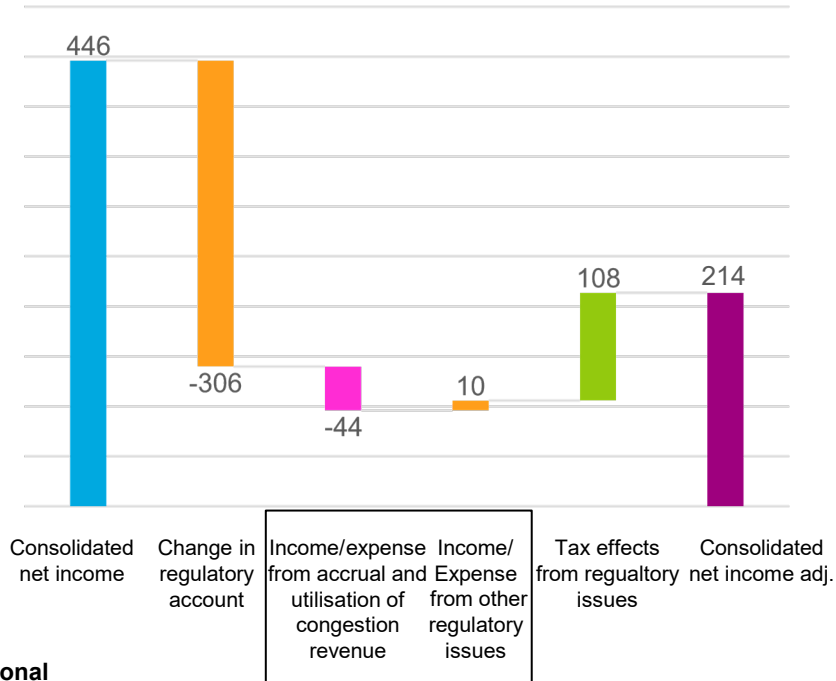
RECONCILIATION EBITDA ADJ. HY 2024

unaudited, rounded, in EUR m, IFRS



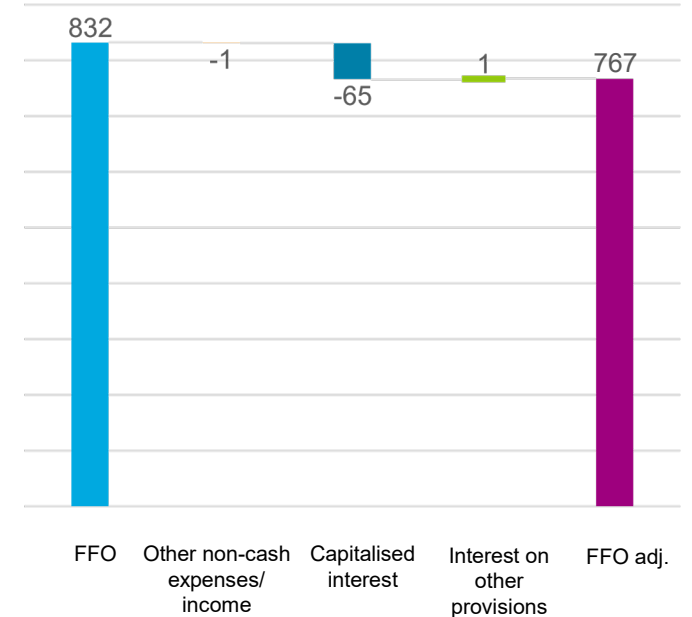
RECONCILIATION CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME ADJ. HY 2024

unaudited, rounded, in EUR m, IFRS



RECONCILIATION FFO ADJ. HY 2024

unaudited, rounded, in EUR m, IFRS



Additional adjustments started with FY 2023 reporting

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR HY 2024



Unaudited, rounded, in EUR m, IFRS

	HY 2024	HY 2023	Change in %
Revenue	2,773.5	2,915.6	-4.9
Change in work in progress	0.0	0.0	n/a
Other own work capitalised	86.4	72.2	19.8
Other operating income	12.4	2.6	370.8
Cost of materials	-1,682.1	-1,379.3	22.0
Personnel expenses	-170.7	-141.5	20.6
Other operating expenses	-86.4	-66.0	30.8
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)	933.2	1,403.5	-33.5
Depreciation and amortisation	-242.0	-189.9	27.5
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT, operating profit)	691.1	1,213.7	-43.1
Financial result	-35.2	-27.4	-28.6
<i>of which financial income</i>	5.4	5.9	-7.6
<i>of which financial expenses</i>	-40.7	-33.3	22.2
Earnings before taxes (EBT)	655.9	1,186.3	-530.4
Income taxes	-209.8	-373.6	43.8
Consolidated net income	446.1	812.7	-45.1

MANAGEMENT COMMENTS

- Reported figures for EBITDA and consolidated net income are affected by regulatory aspects
- Decline in revenue mainly due to payment of federal subsidy only in HY23 to stabilise grid fees
- Overall cost increases between around 20-30% in the different cost categories
- Cost of materials mainly rose due to expenses from passing on the nationwide uniform federal share of grid charges collected by Amprion. This overcompensated lower costs for system services due to lower energy prices
- Planned staff expansion drove personal expenses
- Financial result impacted by issuance of green bonds in 2023/2024 in line with expectations

CASH FLOW STATEMENT HY 2024

HEAVILY AFFECTED BY PROFIT NEUTRAL EEG BUSINESS



Unaudited, excerpts*, rounded, in EUR m, IFRS

	HY 2024	HY 2023	Change abs.
EBIT (per income statement)	691.1	1,213.7	-522.5
Adjustments change in net working capital / non-cash items	430.5	-1,818.9	2,249.4
Operating cash flow	1,121.7	-605.2	1,726.9
<i>of which from grid business</i>	1,029.9	1,442.6	-412.7
<i>of which from EEG business</i>	129.6	-2,100.5	2,230.0
<i>of which from KWKG business</i>	-37.8	52.6	-90.4
Cash flow from investing activities	-1,244.3	-1,118.7	-125.6
<i>of which from grid business</i>	-1,251.1	-1,173.8	-77.4
<i>of which from EEG business (cash inflows and outflows for short-term liquidity management and interest received)</i>	5.3	54.5	-49.2
<i>of which from KWKG business (interest received)</i>	1.6	0.5	1.1
Cash flow from financing activities	805.6	-192.0	997.6
<i>of which from grid business</i>	805.6	-192.0	997.6
<i>of which from EEG business (cash inflows and outflows for short-term liquidity management and interest payments)</i>	0.0	0.0	0.0
<i>of which from KWKG business</i>	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	683.0	-1,915.9	2,598.9
Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the period	311.5	5,533.4	-5,221.9
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	994.5	3,617.5	-2,623.0
<i>of which from grid business</i>	596.4	495.1	101.3
<i>of which from EEG business</i>	340.0	3,067.2	-2,727.2
<i>of which from KWKG business</i>	58.1	55.2	2.9

MANAGEMENT COMMENTS

- Cash flows affected by profit neutral EEG- and KWKG-business
- Cash flow from investing activities slightly higher due to investments in grid business
- Cash flow from financing activities reflects issuance of promissory notes in January and dual-tranche green bond in May 2024

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30TH JUNE 2024



ASSETS

Unaudited, rounded, in EUR m, IFRS	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	Change abs.
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	11,591.9	8,741.3	2,850.5
Right-of-use assets	1,086.2	687.3	398.9
Intangible assets	50.9	40.6	10.3
Financial assets	5.2	5.3	0.0
Net defined benefit asset	198.1	151.2	46.9
Deferred tax assets	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total non-current assets	12,932.3	9,625.7	3,306.6
Current assets			
Inventories	92.8	77.4	15.4
Trade receivables and other receivables	1,891.0	973.5	917.5
Other financial assets	35.1	31.8	3.4
Income tax claims	53.3	48.0	5.3
Other non-financial assets	6.4	6.4	0.0
Cash and cash equivalents	994.5	3,617.5	-2,623.0
Total current assets	3,073.1	4,754.6	-1,681.6
Total assets	16,005.4	14,380.3	1,625.1

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

Unaudited, rounded, in EUR m, IFRS	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	Change abs.
Equity			
Subscribed capital	10.0	10.0	0.0
Additional paid-in capital	1,403.0	1,403.0	0.0
Retained earnings	2,446.2	1,666.4	779.8
Accumulated other comprehensive income	104.8	100.5	4.4
Consolidated net income	446.1	812.7	-366.6
Total equity	4,410.1	3,992.6	417.5
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions	41.2	33.3	7.9
Financial liabilities			
<i>Financial debt</i>	5,967.3	3,690.3	2,277.0
<i>Other financial liabilities</i>	990.8	582.6	408.2
Non-financial liabilities	44.2	46.6	-2.5
Deferred tax liabilities	1,149.0	959.9	189.1
Total non-current liabilities	8,192.5	5,312.8	2,879.8
Current liabilities			
Provisions	81.7	92.9	-11.3
Financial liabilities			
<i>Financial debt</i>	122.0	66.8	55.2
<i>Trade payables and other liabilities</i>	2,981.0	4,622.8	-1,641.7
<i>Other financial liabilities</i>	128.3	239.8	-111.5
Income tax liabilities	53.8	0.0	53.8
Non-financial liabilities	35.9	52.7	-16.7
Total current liabilities	3,402.7	5,074.9	-1,672.2
Total liabilities and equity	16,005.4	14,380.3	1,625.1

UNABRIDGED CASH FLOW STATEMENT HY 2024



Unaudited, rounded, in EUR m, IFRS

	HY 2024	HY 2023	Change abs.
EBIT (per income statement)	691.1	1,213.7	-522.5
Depreciation/amortisation	242.0	189.9	52.2
Change in provisions	13.0	-9.3	22.2
Income from disposals of non-current assets	-3.1	1.6	-4.8
Other non-cash expenses/income	-1.2	3.0	-4.1
Changes in assets and liabilities from operating activities			
<i>Inventories</i>	-6.1	-7.3	1.1
<i>Net value of trade receivables and trade payables</i>	20.1	-2,196.1	2,216.2
<i>Net value of other assets and liabilities</i>	195.5	195.3	0.2
Income tax paid	-29.6	4.0	-33.6
OPERATING CASH FLOW (1)	1,121.7	-605.2	1,726.9
<i>of which from grid business</i>	<i>1,029.9</i>	<i>1,442.6</i>	<i>-412.7</i>
<i>of which from EEG business</i>	<i>129.6</i>	<i>-2,100.5</i>	<i>2,230.0</i>
<i>of which from KWKG business</i>	<i>-37.8</i>	<i>52.6</i>	<i>-90.4</i>
Investments in intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	-1,270.5	-1,193.1	-77.4
Sales of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	13.7	5.4	8.3
Investments in other financial assets	0.0	0.0	0.0
Interest received	12.1	69.0	-56.9
Dividends received	0.4	0.0	0.4
Inflows/outflows of cash and cash equivalents for short-term liquidity management	0.0	0.0	0.0
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (2)	-1,244.3	-1,118.7	-125.6
<i>of which from grid business</i>	<i>-1,251.1</i>	<i>-1,173.8</i>	<i>-77.4</i>
<i>of which from EEG business (cash inflows and outflows for short-term liquidity management and interest received)</i>	<i>5.3</i>	<i>54.5</i>	<i>-49.2</i>
<i>of which from KWKG business (interest received)</i>	<i>1.6</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>1.1</i>

Unaudited, rounded, in EUR m, IFRS

	HY 2024	HY 2023	Change abs.
Interest paid	-43.0	-18.1	-24.9
Dividends paid	-170.0	-130.0	-40.0
Entering into financial liabilities	1,100.2	0.9	1,099.3
Redemption of lease liabilities	-80.5	-44.8	-35.7
Redemption of financial liabilities (excl. lease liabilities)	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Cash inflow from capital increases	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inflows/outflows for short-term liquidity management	-0.9	0.0	-0.9
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (3)	805.6	-192.0	997.6
<i>of which from grid business</i>	<i>805.6</i>	<i>-192.0</i>	<i>997.6</i>
<i>of which from EEG business (cash inflows and outflows for short-term liquidity management and interest payments)</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>
<i>of which from KWKG business</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (1+2+3)	683.0	-1,915.9	2,598.9
Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the period	311.5	5,533.4	-5,221.9
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	994.5	3,617.5	-2,623.0
<i>of which from grid business</i>	<i>596.4</i>	<i>495.1</i>	<i>101.3</i>
<i>of which from EEG business</i>	<i>340.0</i>	<i>3,067.2</i>	<i>-2,727.2</i>
<i>of which from KWKG business</i>	<i>58.1</i>	<i>55.2</i>	<i>2.9</i>

AMPRION KEY FIGURES – FY 2023

FURTHER REGULATORY ADJUSTMENTS



Rounded, in EUR m, IFRS

	FY 2023	FY 2022	Change in %
Revenue	4,829.4	3,512.6	37.5%
EBITDA	1,873.6	350.5	434.6%
EBITDA adj.	980.2	772.8	26.9%
Consolidated net income	949.8	-60.4	1,672,2%
Consolidated net income adj.	339.3	228.3	49.0%
Total funds from operations (FFO)*	1,792.6	320.5	459.4%
FFO adj.	1,693.5	278.3	508.5%
Investments**	3,096.0	1,452.2	113.2%
RAB Amprion GmbH & Amprion Offshore GmbH (consolidated)***	8,357	6,576	27.1%
Employees (FTE per end of year)	2,721	2,339	16.3%

* FFO defined as net income plus depreciation and amortization plus results on disposals of assets (non-cash) minus change in deferred tax (liability);

** incl. Amprion Offshore GmbH;

***according to local GAAP (HGB)

MANAGEMENT COMMENTS

- Introduction of further adjustments of adj. EBITDA and adj. consolidated net income to eliminate distortions of congestion revenues and further minor regulatory issues
- Adjusted IFRS figures for EBITDA, consolidated net income and FFO reflect Amprion's business performance more accurately
- Overall strong growth in all kind of earnings metrics despite challenging conditions in energy markets
- Above-average increase in revenue due to federal subsidy to stabilise grid charges (balanced out via future grid charges)
- Reported EBITDA, reported consolidated net income and reported FFO are positively affected by federal subsidy
- Investments into our grid more than doubled
- Strong increase of RAB as the basis for further profitable growth

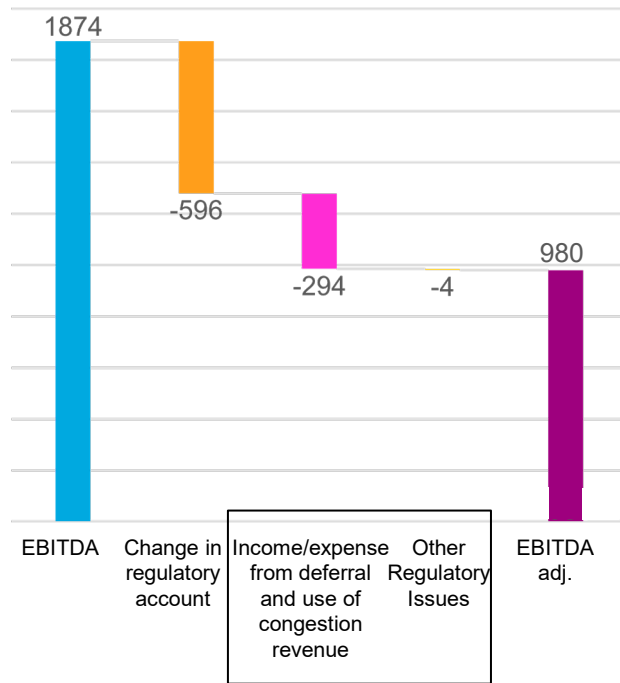
ADJUSTED KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS IN FY 2023

ACHIEVING BETTER COMPARABILITY ACROSS PERIODS



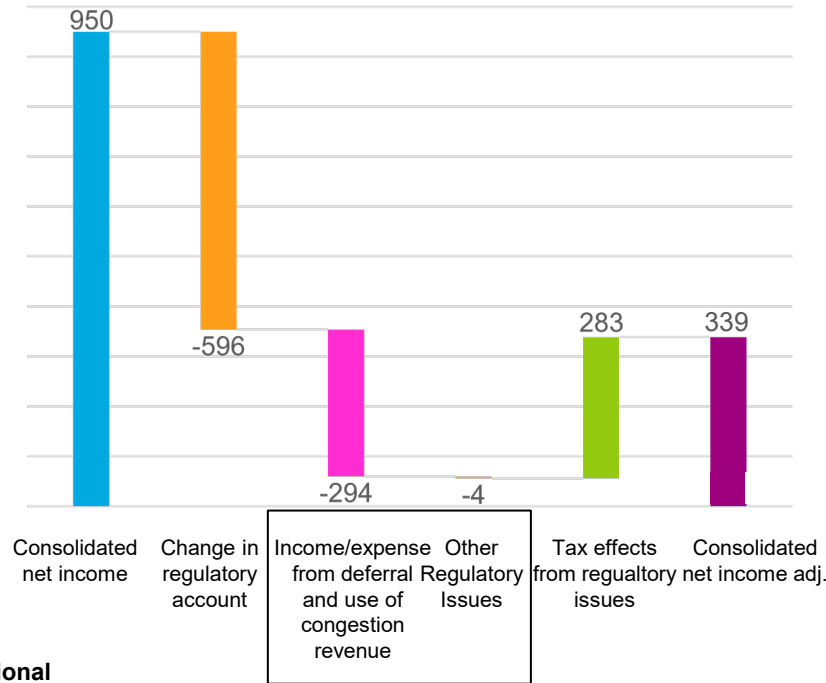
RECONCILIATION EBITDA ADJ. 2023

rounded, in EUR m, IFRS



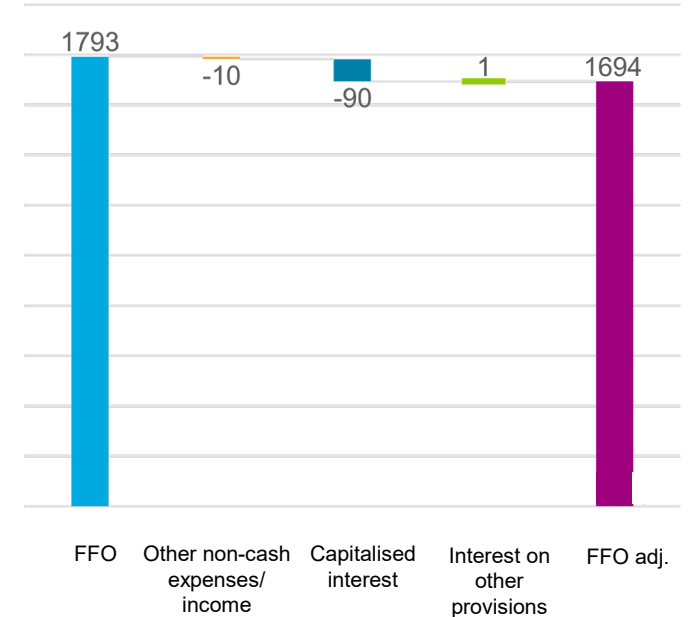
RECONCILIATION CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME ADJ. 2023

rounded, in EUR m, IFRS



RECONCILIATION FFO ADJ. 2023

rounded, in EUR m, IFRS



Additional adjustments starting with 2023 reporting

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FY 2023



Rounded, in EUR m, IFRS

	FY 2023	FY 2022	Change in %
Revenue	4,829.4	3,512.6	37.5
Change in work in progress	0.0	0.0	N/A
Other own work capitalised	172.5	153.5	12.3
Other operating income	17.3	9.8	77.1
Cost of materials	-2,675.0	-2,883.1	-7.2
Personnel expenses	-310.2	-297.1	4.4
Other operating expenses	-160.4	-145.3	10.4
EBITDA	1,873.6	350.5	434.6
Depreciation and amortisation	-443.1	-419.9	5.5
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT, operating profit)	1,430.5	-69.4	2,161.0
Financial result	-29.3	-10.9	167.9
<i>of which financial income</i>	24.6	3.8	540.5
<i>of which financial expenses</i>	-54.0	-14.8	264.8
Earnings before taxes (EBT)	1,401.2	-80.4	1,843.8
Income taxes	-451.4	19.9	-2,363.2
Consolidated Net income	949.8	-60.4	1,672.2

MANAGEMENT COMMENTS

- Strong revenue increase by EUR 1,316.8m (37.5% YoY) mainly driven by a EUR 955.8m increase in grid charges
- Revenues included a EUR 950.8m federal subsidy to cap grid charges for customers. A large portion of the subsidy will be balanced out via future grid charges
- Cost of materials decreased mainly due to lower than expected costs for system service e.g. redispatch, provision of control energy
- Depreciation and amortisation soaring in general due to higher investments but mitigated by lower amortisation of right-of-use-assets
- Reported EBITDA, EBIT, consolidated net income overstated on regulatory effects

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FY 2023

HEAVILY AFFECTED BY EEG AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES



Excerpts*, rounded, in EUR m, IFRS

	FY 2023	FY 2022	Change abs.
EBIT (per income statement)	1,430.5	-69.4	1,499.9
Adjustments change in net working capital / non-cash items	-4,605.7	2,066.2	-6,671.9
Operating cash flow	-3,175.2	1,996.8	-5,171.9
<i>of which from the grid business</i>	1,727.6	443.4	1,284.2
<i>of which from the EEG business</i>	-4,995.2	1,553.4	-6,548.6
<i>of which from the KWKG business</i>	92.4	-	92.4
Cash flow from investing activities	-2,855.2	71.4	-2,926.6
<i>of which from the grid business</i>	-2,944.3	-1,385.5	-1,558.8
<i>of which from the EEG business (cash inflows and outflows for short-term liquidity management and interest received)</i>	87.3	1,457.0	-1,369.7
<i>of which from the KWKG business (interest received)</i>	1.9	-	-
Cash flow from financing activities	808.4	1,343.7	-535.3
<i>of which from the grid business</i>	808.4	1,362.0	-553.6
<i>of which from the EEG business (cash inflows and outflows for short-term liquidity management, interest payments)</i>	0.0	-18.2	18.2
<i>of which from the KWKG business</i>	0.0	-	-
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	-5,221.9	3,412.0	-8,633.9
Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the period	5,533.4	2,121.5	3,411.9
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	311.5	5,533.4	-5,221.9
<i>of which from the grid business</i>	12.1	420.3	-408.2
<i>of which from the EEG business</i>	205.1	5,113.1	-4,908.0
<i>of which from the KWKG business</i>	94.3	-	-

MANAGEMENT COMMENTS

- Operating cash flow mainly impacted by profit-neutral EEG compensation mechanism with a negative operating cash flow in the EEG business of around EUR 5bn
- Core operating cash flow from grid business increased by around EUR 1.3bn mainly due to federal subsidy
- Cash and cash equivalents of the group amounted to EUR 311.5m.
- Cash flow from investing activities of around EUR -2,9bn as a result of a 113% increase of investments into the grid.
- In September 2023, the issuance of a EUR 1,2bn green dual-tranche bond reduced for payments for interest, leasing and dividends led to a cash flow from financing activities of EUR 808m.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2023



ASSETS

Rounded, in EUR m, IFRS	31 Dec. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	Change abs.
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	10,422.4	7,665.8	2,756.6
Right-of-use assets	1,171.5	141.3	1,030.2
Intangible assets	47.6	41.0	6.6
Financial assets	5.2	5.3	0.0
Net defined benefit asset	160.9	170.7	-9.7
Deferred tax assets	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total non-current assets	11,807.7	8,024.0	3,783.7
Current assets			
Inventories	86.6	70.1	16.5
Trade receivables and other receivables	936.1	846.6	89.5
Other financial assets	29.6	23.0	6.6
Income tax claims	49.7	82.0	-32.3
Other non-financial assets	9.9	7.2	2.7
Cash and cash equivalents	311.5	5,533.4	-5,221.9
Total current assets	1,423.5	6,562.4	-5,139.0
Total assets	13,231.2	14,586.5	-1,355.3

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

Rounded, in EUR m, IFRS	31 Dec. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	Change abs.
Equity			
Subscribed capital	10.0	10.0	0.0
Additional paid-in capital	1,403.0	1,403.0	0.0
Retained earnings	1,666.4	1,856.8	-190.4
Accumulated other comprehensive income	72.4	109.3	-36.9
Consolidated net income	949.8	-60.4	1,010.2
Total equity	4,101.6	3,318.8	782.9
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions	44.9	33.1	11.8
Financial liabilities			
<i>Financial debt</i>	4,875.0	3,688.5	1,186.6
<i>Other financial liabilities</i>	1,044.5	73.9	970.6
Non-financial liabilities	44.2	48.9	-4.6
Deferred tax liabilities	987.1	620.4	366.8
Total non-current liabilities	6,995.8	4,464.8	2,531.0
Current liabilities			
Provisions	77.3	111.9	-34.5
Financial liabilities			
<i>Financial debt</i>	50.5	25.2	25.3
<i>Trade payables and other liabilities</i>	1,794.7	6,542.0	-4,747.3
<i>Other financial liabilities</i>	167.5	73.5	94.0
<i>Liabilities for income tax</i>	16.9	0	16.9
Non-financial liabilities	26.9	50.4	-23.5
Total current liabilities	2,133.7	6,802.9	-4,669.2
Total liabilities and equity	13,231.2	14,586.5	-1,355.3

UNABRIDGED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FY 2023



Rounded, in EUR m, IFRS	FY 2023	FY 2022	Change abs.
EBIT (per income statement)	1,430.5	-69.4	1,499.9
Depreciation/amortisation	443.1	419.9	23.2
Change in provisions	-61.8	-8.2	-53.6
Income from disposals of non-current assets	16.1	14.2	1.9
Other non-cash expenses/income	-10.3	-5.4	-4.9
Changes in assets and liabilities from operating activities			
<i>Inventories</i>	-20.3	-12.1	- 8.2
<i>Net value of trade receivables and trade payables</i>	-4,906.6	1,685.4	- 6,592.0
<i>Net value of other assets and liabilities</i>	-49.3	22.4	-71.7
Income tax paid	- 16.5	-49.9	33.5
OPERATING CASH FLOW (1)	-3,175.2	1,996.8	-5,171.9
<i>of which from the grid business</i>	1,727.6	443.4	1,284.2
<i>of which from the EEG business</i>	-4,995.2	1,553.4	-6,548.6
<i>of which from the KWKG business</i>	92.4	-	-
Investments in intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	-2,986.7	-1,420.9	-1,565.8
Sales of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	10.8	31.8	-21.0
Investments in other financial assets	0.0	0.1	0.0
Interest received	120.0	9.8	110.2
Dividends received	0.7	0.7	0.0
Inflows/outflows of cash and cash equivalents for short-term liquidity management	0.0	1,450.0	-1,450.0
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (2)	-2,855.2	71.4	-2,926.6
<i>of which from the grid business</i>	-2,944.3	-1,385.5	-1,558.8
<i>of which from the EEG business (cash inflows and outflows for short-term liquidity management and interest received)</i>	87.3	1,457.0	-1,369.7
<i>of which from the KWKG business (interest received)</i>	1.9	-	-

Rounded, in EUR m, IFRS	FY 2023	FY 2022	Change abs.
Interest paid	-141.7	-49.4	-92.3
Dividend paid	-130.0	-130.0	0.0
Entering into financial liabilities	1,203.6	1,998.5	-794.9
Redemption of lease liabilities	-124.1	-158.1	34.0
Redemption of financial liabilities (excl. lease liabilities)	-0.2	-200.2	200.0
Inflows/outflows for short-term liquidity management	1.0	-116.9	117.9
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (3)	808.4	1,343.7	-535.3
<i>of which from the grid business</i>	808.4	1,362.0	--553.6
<i>of which from the EEG business (cash inflows and outflows for short-term liquidity management, interest payments)</i>	0.0	-18.2	18.2
<i>of which from the KWKG business</i>	0.0	-	-
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (1+2+3)	- 5,221.9	3,412.0	-8,633.9
Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the period	5,533.4	2,121.5	-2,263.2
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	311.5	5,533.4	-5,221.9
<i>of which from the grid business</i>	12.1	420.3	-313.9
<i>of which from the EEG business</i>	205.1	5,113.1	-4,908.0
<i>of which from the KWKG business</i>	94.3	-	-

RECONCILIATION OF EARNINGS FY 2023



Rounded, in EUR m

	FY 2023	FY 2022
Total segment earnings (German GAAP [HGB])	293.2	213.4
Regulatory items	892.9	-421.8
Staff-related provisions (incl. pension obligations)	52.9	40.1
Property, plant and equipment	23.7	-8.7
Other provisions	-1.7	-15.0
Financial liabilities	10.1	4.8
Deferred taxes	-304.9	125.3
Other	-19.8	1.5
Consolidated net income (IFRS)	949.8	-60.4

**THANK YOU VERY MUCH
FOR YOUR ATTENTION!**



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